

PBEEEP

State Government

Public Buildings Enhanced Energy Efficiency Program

Final Report Investigation Results For St Cloud State University



Date: 5/30/2012



Table of Contents

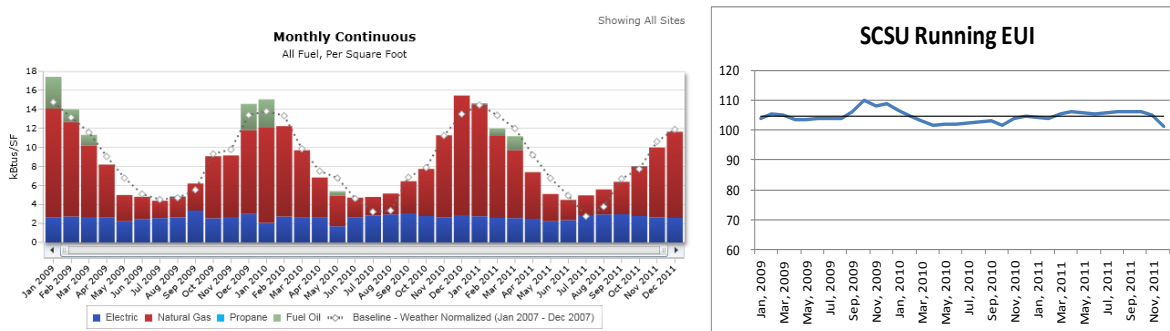
Investigation Report.....	Section 1
St Cloud State University, Part 1 Investigation	
Overview.....	1
Summary Tables.....	2
Facility Overview.....	4
Summary of Findings.....	Section 2
Findings Summary	(2 pages)
Investigation Checklist Summary	(3 pages)
Glossary	(4 pages)
Findings Details by Building.....	Section 3
Garvey Commons	(Pages 1-5)
Halenbeck Hall North	(Pages 6-9)
Halenbeck Hall South	(Pages 10-14)
Heating Plant and Chilled Water Plant	(Pages 15-19)
James W Miller LRC	(Pages 20-26)
Mitchell Hall	(Pages 27-29)
National Hockey Center	(Pages 30-35)
Husky Stadium and Recreation Facility	(Pages 36-39)
Individual Building Investigation Checklists	(19 pages)
Xcel Energy Study Rebate Approval Letter	(2 pages)
Deleted Findings	(31 pages)
Screening Report.....	Section 4

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St Cloud State University, Part 1 Energy Investigation Overview

The goal of a PBEEEP Energy Investigation is to identify energy savings opportunities with a payback of fifteen years or less. Particular emphasis is on finding those opportunities that will generate savings with a relatively fast (1 to 5 years) and certain payback. During the investigation phase the provider conducts a rigorous analysis of the building operations. Through observation, targeted functional testing, and analysis of extensive trend and portable logger data, the RCx Provider identifies deficiencies in the operation of the mechanical equipment, lighting, envelope, and related controls. The investigation of St Cloud State University, Part 1 was performed by AMEC Earth and Environmental Engineering, Inc. This report is the result of that information.

Payback Information and Energy Savings					
Total project costs (Without Co-funding)			Project costs with Co-funding		
Total costs to date including study	\$235,432		Total Project Cost	\$632,943	
Future costs including Implementation , Measurement & Verification	\$397,511		Study and Administrative Cost Paid with ARRA Funds	(\$244,432)	
Total Project Cost	\$632,943		Utility Co-funding	(\$97,125)	
			Total costs after co-funding	\$291,386	
Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$)	\$78,510		Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$)	\$78,510	
Total Project Payback	8.1		Total Project Payback with co-funding	3.7	
Electric Energy Savings (of 30,561,785 kWh (2011)) (prorated as 28% of entire campus)			Natural Gas Savings (of 2,214,669 Therms (2011)) (prorated as 28% of entire campus)		
	1.9%	and		2.9 %	
	6.8%)			10.3 %	



Year	Days	SF	Total kBtu	Normalized Baseline kBtu	Change from Baseline kBtu	% Change	Total Energy Cost \$	Average Cost Rate \$ /kBtu
2009	365	3,292,243	359,021,038	354,449,296	4,571,741	1%	\$3,892,384.07	\$0.01
2010	365	3,292,243	344,782,347	335,634,654	9,147,693	3%	\$3,745,266.13	\$0.01
2011	365	3,290,909*	333,801,426	342,823,967	-9,022,541	-3%	\$3,756,243.99	\$0.01

*Listed square footage represents an average for the given year

St Cloud State University, Part 1 Consumption Report
Total energy use decreased about 3% during the period of the investigation



STATE OF MINNESOTA B3 BENCHMARKING

12100 St Cloud State University, Part 1 Investigation Report 5/30/2012 Page 1

Summary Tables

St Cloud State University, Site Information	
Location	740 4 th Avenue South St. Cloud, MN 56301
Facility Manager	Tim Norton, Buildings and Grounds Director
Buildings	56
Interior Square Footage	3,136,612 total site 881,579 this project (23.3% of total building area)
PBEEEP Provider, Part 1 Investigation	AMEC Earth and Environmental, Inc.
Annual Energy Cost	\$3,756,244 (from B3 2011)
Utility Company	Xcel Energy (natural gas and electricity) Tex-Par Oil and First Fuel Banks (fuel oil) Ferrellgas (propane)
Site Energy Use Index (EUI)	105 kBtu/sqft (at start of project) 102 kBtu/sqft (end of project)
Benchmark EUI (from B3)	124 kBtu/sqft

Building Name	State ID	Building Type	Area (ft²)	Year Built
Central Chilled Water Plant	E26073S9999	Mechanical	7,590	1999
Garvey Commons	E26073S5562	Cafeteria	50,984	1962
Halenbeck Hall North	E26073S1665	Gymnasium	132,274	1965
Halenbeck Hall South	E26073S1660	Gymnasium	100,000	1980
Heating & Maintenance I	E26073S1050	Mechanical	18,892	1950
James W. Miller LRC	E26073S9600	Library	235,000	2000
Mitchell Hall	E26073S5258	Dormitory	109,784	1958
National Hockey Center	E26073S2889	Hockey Rink	152,055	1989
Recreation Facility	E26073S10104	Recreation Facility	40,000	2005
Stadium Building	E26073S10204	Stadium	35,000	2004

Mechanical Equipment Summary Table (of buildings included in the investigation)	
1	Tracer Summit Building Automation System by Trane
10	Buildings
881,579	Interior Square Feet
62	Air Handlers
3	Rooftop Units
259	VAV Boxes
39	Exhaust Fans and Power Roof Ventilators
16	Unit Heaters
1	Make-up Air Units
2	Chillers
2	Cooling Towers
3	Steam Boilers (dual fuel- natural gas or fuel oil)
1	Hot Water Boilers (natural gas)
20	Pumps (HW, CHW, etc)
4	Heat Exchangers
750	Approximate number of points trended

Implementation Information			
Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$)			\$78,510
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$)			\$397,511
GHG Avoided in U.S Tons (CO2e)			855
Electric Energy Savings (kWh)	1.9 % Savings		
2011 Electric Usage 30,561,785 kWh (from B3)			582,344
Electric Demand Savings (Peak kW)	1.4 % Savings		
7,000 kW across three feed points in 2011(B3)			105
Natural Gas Savings (Therms)	2.9 % Savings		
2011 Natural Gas Usage 2,217,313 Therms from B3			64,247
Statistics			
Number of Measures identified			31
Number of Measures with payback < 3 years			10
Screening Start Date	3/23/2010	Screening End Date	10/12/2010
Investigation Start Date	2/2/2011	Investigation End Date	3/27/2012
Final Report	5/30/2012		

Pro Rated Savings Information (28.1% of campus area)			
Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$)			\$78,510
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$)			\$397,511
Electric Energy Savings (kWh)	6.8 % Savings		
28% of 2011 Electric Usage 8,589,723 kWh			582,344
Electric Demand Savings (Peak kW)	5 % Savings		
28% of 2011 Peak Demand 2,000 kW			105
Natural Gas Savings (Therms)	10.3 %		
28% of 2011 Natural Gas Usage 623,065 Therms			64,247

St Cloud State University, Part 1 Cost Information		
Phase	To date	Estimated
Screening	\$20,945	
Investigation [Provider]	\$140,947	
BAS Upgrades	\$52,207	
Investigation [CEE]	\$21,333	\$1,000
Implementation		\$388,511
Implementation [CEE]		\$4,000
Measurement & Verification	0	\$4,000
Total	\$235,432	\$397,511

Co-funding Summary	
Study and Administrative Cost	\$244,432
Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$)	\$97,125
Total Co-funding (\$)	\$341,557

Facility Overview

The energy investigation identified 9.0% of prorated total energy savings at the buildings included in the St. Cloud State University, Part 1 Investigation (based on the fact that these were 28% of the total floor area at St. Cloud State University) with measures that payback in less than 15 years and do not adversely affect occupant comfort. The energy savings opportunities identified at St. Cloud State University are based on adjusting the schedule of equipment to match actual building occupancy hours, improving the efficiency of the building lighting, recapturing heat lost through the boiler stack. The total cost of implementing all the measures is \$397,511.

Implementing all these measures can save the facility approximately \$78,510 a year with a combined payback period of 4.9 years before rebates based on the implementation cost only (excluding study and administrative costs). After rebates the site will have a cost of \$291,386, which reduces the payback to 3.7 years. These measures will produce 6.8% electrical savings and 10.3 % natural gas savings. These buildings are currently performing at 17% below the Minnesota Benchmarking and Beyond database (B3) benchmark value.

The primary energy intensive systems at St Cloud State University, Part 1 are described here:

Mechanical Equipment

The Heating Plant is located on the southern end of campus and has three steam boilers that serve the entire campus. The boilers supply 115 psi steam year-round. The steam from the Heating Plant is routed to the buildings in underground tunnels and runs through heat exchangers located in each building. The heat exchangers transfer heat from the steam to water that is pumped to the air handlers, fin tube radiation

and/or reheats in each building. All of the recommended buildings use steam from the heating plant except for the Central Chilled Water Plant, which is heated by unit heaters and the National Hockey Center which has its own hot water boiler. The Central Chilled Water Plant is located adjacent to the Heating Plant and has two chillers and two cooling towers. There are two primary pumps and two secondary pumps that send water to, and circulate water throughout, the buildings. Some of the buildings located further from the Central Chilled Water Plant have chilled water pumps that distribute chilled water throughout those buildings. All of the recommended buildings use chilled water from the Central Chilled Water Plant except for Halenbeck Hall North and South and Mitchell Hall. Halenbeck Hall North and South are not cooled except for the pool area which has direct expansion (DX) cooling with a condensing unit. Mitchell Hall also contains DX cooling with a condensing unit.

Controls and Trending

All ten buildings being recommended for investigation are controlled, to some extent, by a Tracer Summit Building Automation System (BAS) by Trane. There were five buildings (Central Chilled Water Plant, Halenbeck Hall North and South, James W. Miller LRC, and the Stadium and Recreation Facility) among the Phase 1 group that had Building Control Unit (BCU) panels that were outdated and were replaced as part of this project. The \$52,207 cost of this upgrade was paid for as part of the project.

Lighting

A lighting retrofit was conducted in 1996 throughout the campus, so the majority of indoor lighting is T8 32 watt lamps. The majority of indoor lighting is controlled by occupancy sensors and the outdoor lighting is controlled by the BAS, which operates the lighting based on schedules and photocells.

Energy Use Index B3 Benchmark

The site Energy Use Index (EUI) of the entire campus is 106 kBtu/sqft, which is 17% lower than the B3 Benchmark of 124 kBtu/sqft. The median site EUI for State of Minnesota buildings are 23% lower than their corresponding B3 Benchmarks. Because the site is not sub-metered, the performance of individual buildings is not quantified at this time.

Metering

The campus has a total of twenty-eight natural gas meters, twenty-six electrical meters, three fuel oil meters, and one propane meter that are currently active. There are three main electric service entries for the campus which all serve a single campus loop; the service entries allow Xcel energy to balance loads served by three substations. The other electric meters generally serve smaller detached buildings. Similarly there are gas meters that serve kitchen and laboratory areas in addition to the main gas meter. None of the buildings are individually metered.

Findings Summary

Site: St Cloud SU



Eco #	Building	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
6	James W. Miller LRC	Over scheduling. AHU-2	\$397	\$3,304	0.12	\$0	0.12	52
1	Halenbeck Hall South	Over scheduling.	\$73	\$381	0.19	\$0	0.19	5
3	James W. Miller LRC	Over scheduling. AHU-1	\$397	\$2,124	0.19	\$0	0.19	41
5	National Hockey Center	Desiccant Unit 2 Heating in Warm Weather	\$1,650	\$5,029	0.33	\$0	0.33	50
4	National Hockey Center	Desiccant Unit 2 Overuse in Cold Weather	\$1,708	\$4,171	0.41	\$0	0.41	44
1	Husky Stadium	Excessive Enabling of AHU2.	\$152	\$266	0.57	\$0	0.57	3
1	Garvey Commons	Over heating.	\$1,934	\$2,624	0.74	\$0	0.74	20
8	James W. Miller LRC	Over scheduling. AHU-3	\$132	\$145	0.91	\$0	0.91	3
11	James W. Miller LRC	Over scheduling. AHU-4	\$132	\$73	1.82	\$0	1.82	1
4	Heating and Maintenance	Uninsulated steam and condensate piping.	\$8,918	\$3,435	2.60	\$0	2.60	30
2	Mitchell Hall	Inefficient Lighting.	\$3,308	\$1,101	3.01	\$0	3.01	14
6	Garvey Commons	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$16,340	\$4,723	3.46	\$0	3.46	40
2	Halenbeck Hall North	HW valves open excessively.	\$460	\$116	3.98	\$0	3.98	1
1	James W. Miller LRC	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$33,835	\$7,922	4.27	\$0	4.27	78
3	Halenbeck Hall North	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$1,340	\$312	4.29	\$0	4.29	3
2	National Hockey Center	High Bay Lobby Lighting	\$16,697	\$3,541	4.72	\$0	4.72	41
5	Halenbeck Hall South	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$904	\$185	4.89	\$0	4.89	2
2	James W. Miller LRC	No Lighting Controls.	\$37,571	\$7,253	5.18	\$0	5.18	139
5	Heating and Maintenance	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$705	\$131	5.39	\$0	5.39	1
7	Heating and Maintenance	400 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	\$8,172	\$1,441	5.67	\$0	5.67	15

Findings Summary

Site: St Cloud SU



Eco #	Building	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
2	Husky Stadium	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$1,615	\$284	5.68	\$0	5.68	3
3	Mitchell Hall	Inefficient Lighting.	\$4,006	\$700	5.72	\$0	5.72	7
4	Garvey Commons	Infiltration due to deteriorated or missing damper seals (AHU-1 &2).	\$1,418	\$219	6.46	\$0	6.46	2
1	Heating and Maintenance	Combustion air heating.	\$204,517	\$25,158	8.13	\$0	8.13	220
5	Garvey Commons	Damaged steam coil (AHU-3).	\$1,446	\$172	8.39	\$0	8.39	1
4	Husky Stadium	250 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	\$12,093	\$1,417	8.53	\$0	8.53	15
1	National Hockey Center	Inefficient Fluorescent Lighting	\$5,019	\$533	9.41	\$0	9.41	6
4	Halenbeck Hall South	Infiltration due to OA damper leaking (AHU-9 & 10).	\$4,235	\$444	9.54	\$0	9.54	4
4	Halenbeck Hall North	400 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	\$5,399	\$441	12.24	\$0	12.24	2
3	National Hockey Center	Lighting Controls	\$10,262	\$799	12.84	\$0	12.84	12
6	Halenbeck Hall South	No Lighting Controls.	\$3,675	\$64	57.39	\$0	57.39	1
		Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$15,493	\$21,552	0.72	\$0	0.72	249
		Total for all Findings:	\$388,511	\$78,510	4.95	\$0	4.95	855

Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Looked for, Not Found	Not Relevant
a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive	2	4	2
a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive	1	6	1
a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.	2	5	1
a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling		4	4
b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position,	1	3	4
b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design		5	3
b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads		4	4
c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive		4	4
c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement	1	5	2
c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints		7	1
c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls	1	4	3
d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.		5	3
d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.		5	3
d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently		5	3
d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently		4	4
d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary		4	4
d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)		8	

e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal		5	3
e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal		3	5
e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal		6	2
e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal		3	5
e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal		1	7
e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)		7	1
f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit		8	
f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled		6	2
f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping	1	5	2
f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.		6	2
f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction		7	1
g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans		2	6
g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps		4	4
g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			8
g.4 (31)	OTHER_VFD		5	3
h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors		6	2
h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers		1	7
h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)		3	5

h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers		1	7
h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating		4	4
h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			8
h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)		4	4
h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method		3	5
h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery	1	1	6
h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)	1	4	3
h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	7	1	
h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope	1	2	5
h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy		3	5
h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit		7	1
i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard		7	1
i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination		7	1
i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper	2	5	1
i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve		7	1
i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance	2	5	1
j.1 (49)	OTHER		7	1

Findings Glossary: Findings Examples

a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HVAC running when building is unoccupied. Equipment schedule doesn't follow building occupancy • Optimum start-stop is not implemented • Controls in hand
a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fan runs at 2" static pressure. Lowering pressure to 1.8" does not create comfort problem and the flow is per design. • Supply air temperature and pressure reset: cooling and heating
a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lighting is on at night when the building is unoccupied • Photocells could be used to control exterior lighting • Lighting controls not calibrated/adjusted properly
a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economizer is locked out whenever mechanical cooling is enabled (non-integrated economizer) • Economizer linkage is broken • Economizer setpoints could be optimized • Plywood used as the outdoor air control • Damper failed in minimum or closed position
b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demand-based ventilation control has been disabled • Outside air damper failed in an open position • Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy
b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/Outside Air Loads
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For a given zone, CHW and HW systems are unnecessarily on and running simultaneously • Different setpoints are used for two systems serving a common zone
c.2 (9)	Sensor / Thermostat needs calibration, relocation / shielding, and/or replacement
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OAT temperature is reading 5 degrees high, resulting in loss of useful economizer operation • Zone sensors need to be relocated after tenant improvements • OAT sensor reads high in sunlight
c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" / need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CHW valve cycles open and closed • System needs loop tuning – it is cycling between heating and cooling
c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Existing controls are not functioning or overridden • Light sensors improperly placed or out of calibration
d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup / setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The cooling setpoint is 74 °F 24 hours per day
d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fan runs at 2" static pressure. Lowering pressure to 1.8" does not create comfort problem and the flow is per design. • Supply air temperature and pressure reset: cooling and heating

d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pump runs at 15 PSI on peak day. Lowering pressure to 12 does not create comfort problem and the flow is per design. Low ΔT across the chiller during low load conditions.
d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Boxes universally set at 40%, regardless of occupancy. Most boxes can have setpoints lowered and still meet minimum airflow requirements.
d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HW supply temperature is a constant 180 °F. It should be reset based on demand, or decreased by a reset schedule as OAT increases. • DHW Setpoints are constant 24 hours per day
e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CHW supply temperature is a constant 42 °F. It could be reset, based on demand or ambient temperature.
e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The SAT is constant at 55 °F. It could be reset to minimize reheat and maximize economizer cooling. The reset should ideally be based on demand (e.g., looking at zone box damper positions), but could also be reset based on OAT.
e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is suboptimal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Duct Static Pressure (DSP) is constant at 1.5" wc. It could be reset to minimize fan energy. The reset should ideally be based on demand (e.g. looking at zone box damper positions), but could also be reset based on OAT.
e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CW temperature is constant leaving the tower at 85 °F. The temperature should be reduced to minimize the total energy use of the chiller and tower. It may be worthwhile to reset based on load and ambient conditions.
e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
f.1 (23)	Lighting system needs optimization - Spaces are overlit
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lighting exceeds ASHRAE or IES standard levels for specific space types or tasks
f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The discharge valve for the CHW pump is 30% open. The valve should be opened and the impeller size reduced to provide the proper flow without throttling.
f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only one CHW pump runs when one chiller is running. However, due to the reduced pressure drop in the common piping, the pump is providing much greater flow than needed.
f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The equipment cycles unnecessarily • The peak load is much less than the installed equipment capacity

f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit Fans
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fan serves variable flow system, but does not have a VFD. • VFD is in override mode, and was found to be not modulating.
g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3-way valves are used to maintain constant flow during low load periods. • Only one CHW pumps runs when one chiller is running. However, due to the reduced pressure drop in the common piping, the pump is providing much greater flow than needed.
g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motor is constant speed and uses a variable pitch sheave to obtain speed control.
g.4 (31)	OTHER VFD
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed motor is much lower than efficiency of currently available motors
h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed chiller is much lower than efficiency of currently available chillers
h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed air conditioner is much lower than efficiency of currently available air conditioners
h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed boiler is much lower than efficiency of currently available boilers
h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas-fired heating
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed heaters is much lower than efficiency of currently available heaters
h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed heat pump is much lower than efficiency of currently available heat pumps
h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed equipment is much lower than efficiency of currently available equipment
h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current pumping distribution system is inefficient, and could be optimized. • Pump distribution loop can be converted from primary to primary-secondary)
h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy / Heat Recovery
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy is not recouped from the exhaust air. • Identification of equipment with higher effectiveness than the current equipment.
h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed system is much lower than efficiency of another type of system
h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient lighting
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficiency of installed lamps, ballasts or fixtures are much lower than efficiency of currently available lamps, ballasts or fixtures.

h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insulation is missing or insufficient • Window glazing is inadequate • Too much air leakage into / out of the building • Mechanical systems operate during unoccupied periods in extreme weather
h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alternative energy strategies, such as passive/active solar, wind, ground sheltered construction or other alternative, can be incorporated into the building design
h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Differed maintenance that results in sub-optimal energy performance. • Examples: Scale buildup on heat exchanger, broken linkages to control actuator missing equipment components, etc.
i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impurities or contamination of operating fluids that result in sub-optimal performance. Examples include lack of chemical treatment to hot/cold water systems that result in elevated levels of TDS which affect energy efficiency.
i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The outside or return air damper on an AHU is leaking or is not modulating causing the energy use go up because of additional load to the central heating and/or cooling plant.
i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The heating or cooling coil valve on an AHU is leaking or is not modulating causing the energy use go up because of additional load to the central heating and/or cooling plant.
i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval
j.1 (49)	OTHER
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please contact PBEEEP Project Engineer for approval



Findings Summary

Building: Garvey Commons
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	Over heating.	\$1,934	\$2,624	0.74	\$0	0.74	20
6	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$16,340	\$4,723	3.46	\$0	3.46	40
4	Infiltration due to deteriorated or missing damper seals (AHU-1 &2).	\$1,418	\$219	6.46	\$0	6.46	2
5	Damaged steam coil (AHU-3).	\$1,446	\$172	8.39	\$0	8.39	1
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$1,934	\$2,624	0.74	\$0	0.74	20
	Total for all Findings:	\$21,138	\$7,739	2.73	\$0	2.73	62

Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over heating.	Date Identified:	2/16/2011
Description of Finding:	Steam unit heater (Air-Therm HS-110) pneumatic control line is disconnected from existing T-stat. The unit heater has no steam control valve and was intended to "run wild" and use fan cycling via a T-stat to control space temperature. The fan and steam heat run 24/7 due to disconnected pneumatic line and no control valve. As with most heating equipment, this unit heater fails in full heat mode.		
Equipment or System(s):	Other	Finding Category:	Controls Problems
Finding Type:	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement		

Implementer:	Controls contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings & comfort
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection, traced tubing and found cut tubing. The mechanical penthouse was uncomfortably warm when the outside temperature was less than 20° F indicating overheating of the space.		
Measure:	Provide new DDC temperature sensor, 2 position (on/off) steam control valve , and associated items (such as vacuum breaker, strainer, etc.) to take full control of the unit heater.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Provide new DDC temperature sensor, 2 position (on/off) steam control valve , and associated items (such as vacuum breaker, strainer, etc.) to control space to 60 degrees F. Add 4 points to the BAS, command, motor status, valve status and space temperature. These points shall be trended.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Trend the following points: Unit command, motor status, valve status and space temperature at 15 minute intervals for a 2 week period minimum during the winter (heating season) December - February and the summer (cooling season) June - August to ensure the unit is running and maintaining 60 degree setpoint temperature during the winter and that the unit is not operating when the space temperature is above 60 degrees F.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	330	Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	3,491
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$17	Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$2,608
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,681		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$252		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,934		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$2,624	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.74	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.74	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (C02e):	20	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	2.6%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.4%

Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	Infiltration due to deteriorated or missing damper seals (AHU-1 & 2).	Date Identified:	2/16/2011
Description of Finding:	OA damper blade seals are missing, leaving about 1/2" gap between each 6" damper blade open to the outside. This is the equivalent leaving a window open when the building is unoccupied and the dampers are commanded to be closed. Cold air will infiltrate at lower levels of the building, be heated and exfiltrate through the partially open damper.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Maintenance Related Problems
Finding Type:	Leaky/Stuck Damper		

Implementer:	Mechanical contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and freeze protection
Baseline Documentation Method:	This deficiency was identified during a visual inspection of the OA damper from the inside of the AHU when shut down. OA dampers should be normally closed when the unit is off..		
Measure:	Replace missing or defective OA damper blade seals and adjust dampers to close tightly when commanded closed.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace OA damper seals and adjust damper operator to fully close and minimize infiltration and exfiltration.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visual inspection of damper blades when unit is disabled and off.		

Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	294	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,233
Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$219	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$185
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,418

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$219	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	6.46	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	6.46	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	2	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.2%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.3%

Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	5
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	Damaged steam coil (AHU-3).	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	The steam heating coil in AHU-3 is leaking. There was a visible, high velocity stream emanating from a hole in the coil.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Maintenance Related Problems
Finding Type:	Other Maintenance		

Implementer:	Mechanical contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of inside of AHU with supply and return fans off.		
Measure:	leaking steam coil.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Repair steam coil.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visual inspection of repaired steam coil with supply and return fans off and steam valve open.		

Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	231	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,257
Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$172	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$189
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,446

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$172	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	8.39	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	8.39	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	1	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.2%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.3%

Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	6
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the building.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	46,217	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	21
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$2,630	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$2,092
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$14,209		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$2,131		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$16,340		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$4,723	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	3.46	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	3.46	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	40	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	4.6%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	3.1%



Findings Summary

Building: Halenbeck Hall North
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
2	HW valves open excessively.	\$460	\$116	3.98	\$0	3.98	1
3	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$1,340	\$312	4.29	\$0	4.29	3
4	400 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	\$5,399	\$441	12.24	\$0	12.24	2
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$7,200	\$869	8.28	\$0	8.28	7

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall North

FWB Number:	11603	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	HW valves open excessively.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU heating valves (AHUs 12 through 21, serving the main gymnasium) are wide open almost continuously while units operate only a few hours per week and have a limited risk of freeze up. Existing mixed air temperature sensors could be used for freeze protection. The units are manually actuated, are used only 18% of the time, per trend data, and are not deactivated until the outside temperature exceeds 50 degrees.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating only	Finding Category:	Controls Problems
Finding Type:	Other Controls		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Elimination of wasted heat in the idled units.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Trend data indicates that valves are 100% open and plenum temperatures often exceed 100° F. The observed method of operation was supported by staff interviews.		
Measure:	Close heating valves when fans are turned off unless required to prevent coil freezing.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Program heating valves to close unless temperatures inside the unit, as measured by the mixed air sensor, fall to near freezing (40 degrees F) temperatures. This change is only applicable to times when the unit is off.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visual observation & review of trend data to verify that HW valves close and the MA temperature sensors readings do not significantly exceed room temperature.		

Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	183	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$400
Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$116	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$60
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$460

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$116	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	3.98	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	3.98	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	1	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.1%

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall North

FWB Number:	11603	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the building.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	3,725	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	2
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$219	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$93
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,166		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$175		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,340		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$312	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	4.29	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	4.29	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	3	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.3%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.3%

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall North

FWB Number:	11603	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	400 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	400 watt metal halide fixtures were found in the swimming pool room.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 400 watt metal halide fixtures are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 400 watt metal halide lamps with 320 watt pulse start metal halide lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace 400 watt metal halide lamps with 320 watt pulse start metal halide lamps.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 320 watt watt pulse start metal halide lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	2,819	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	5
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$158	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$283
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$4,695		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$704		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$5,399		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$441	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	12.24	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	12.24	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (C02e):	2	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.4%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	1.0%



Findings Summary

Building: Halenbeck Hall South
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	Over scheduling.	\$73	\$381	0.19	\$0	0.19	5
5	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$904	\$185	4.89	\$0	4.89	2
4	Infiltration due to OA damper leaking (AHU-9 & 10).	\$4,235	\$444	9.54	\$0	9.54	4
6	No Lighting Controls.	\$3,675	\$64	57.39	\$0	57.39	1
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$73	\$381	0.19	\$0	0.19	5
	Total for all Findings:	\$8,887	\$1,074	8.27	\$0	8.27	12

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall South

FWB Number:	11604	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over scheduling.	Date Identified:	4/4/2011
Description of Finding:	Air handling units 7, 9, & 10 were found to be starting earlier than necessary. Building opens at 6am (M-F) 9am Saturday and noon on Sunday. Match the AHU start times to correspond to the building opening hours.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating only	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Time of Day enabling is excessive		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Save Energy via reduction of AHU runtime
Baseline Documentation Method:	AHU start time in BAS schedule and published building schedule.		
Measure:	Revise AHU-7, 9 & 10 start times to match building opening hours. Building opens at 6am (M-F) 9am Saturday and noon on Sunday.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Revise AHU-7, 9 & 10 start times to match building opening hours. Building opens at 6am (M-F) 9am Saturday and noon on Sunday. Further adjustments of the HVAC equipment operating schedules should be implemented during periods of reduced occupancy, such as breaks, holidays, and summer school. The exact dates of these periods vary and will need to be checked after the school calendar and building hours are published.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	BAS trend logs will provide the evidence that confirms the revised operating schedule. Trend the supply fan status for AHU-7, 9, and 10 at 15 minute intervals for two weeks while school is in session and a week while school is out of session. Verify with trend data that the AHUs only operate per the official building hours		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	4,328	Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	319
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$180	Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$202
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$66		
PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$7		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$73		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$381	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.19	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.19	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	5	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.4%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall South

FWB Number:	11604	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Infiltration due to OA damper leaking (AHU-9 & 10).	Date Identified:	4/4/2011
Description of Finding:	During night cycles, the mixed air temperature reading drops below 20 degrees in some cases. The outside air damper is remaining open or leaks excessively (AHU-9 and 10).		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating only	Finding Category:	Maintenance Related Problems
Finding Type:	Leaky/Stuck Damper		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Reduce infiltration of unconditioned outside air during off cycles
Baseline Documentation Method:	OA damper position and mixed air trends.		
Measure:	Replace existing OA damper with low leak motorized dampers for steam heating units; AHU-9 & 10		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace existing OA damper with low leak motorized dampers for steam heating units; AHU-9 & 10.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Functional performance test the dampers to ensure that they close completely when commanded to do so. Also, trend the supply fan status, OA damper position, MAT, and OAT for AHU-9 and 10 at 15 minute intervals during the winter when the OAT is at or below freezing during unoccupied hours for at least 5 nights. Verify with trend data that the MAT does not drop significantly during these cold conditions when each unit is off, indicating that the dampers are no longer allowing infiltration into the AHUs.		

Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	702	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$3,682
Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$444	PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$552
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$4,235

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$444	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	9.54	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	9.54	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	4	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.4%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.8%

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall South

FWB Number:	11604	Eco Number:	5
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	Date Identified:	4/4/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the building.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	2,248	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	1
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$132	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$53
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$822		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$82		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$904		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$185	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	4.89	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	4.89	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	2	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.2%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.2%

Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall South

FWB Number:	11604	Eco Number:	6
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	4/4/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Lighting is on more hours than necessary		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of rooms indicates occupancy sensors are not being utilized.		
Measure:	Installation of occupancy sensors found to be not economically feasible, please see recommendations for implementation for additional documentation.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Complete analysis showed energy savings below 25,000 kWh and extended paybacks (in excess of 50 years).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Determined not economically feasible.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	1,089	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$3,341
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$64	PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$334
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$3,675

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$64	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	57.39	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	57.39	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	1	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.7%

Findings Summary



Building: Heating
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
4	Uninsulated steam and condensate piping.	\$8,918	\$3,435	2.60	\$0	2.60	30
5	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$705	\$131	5.39	\$0	5.39	1
7	400 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	\$8,172	\$1,441	5.67	\$0	5.67	15
1	Combustion air heating.	\$204,517	\$25,158	8.13	\$0	8.13	220
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$8,918	\$3,435	2.60	\$0	2.60	30
	Total for all Findings:	\$222,312	\$30,165	7.37	\$0	7.37	267

Findings Details



Building: Heating

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	Combustion air heating.	Date Identified:	2/17/2011
Description of Finding:	Currently using direct (gas) fired make-up air unit for combustion air.		
Equipment or System(s):	Boiler Plant	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery		

Implementer:	Mechanical contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of direct fired combustion air unit and interview with boiler operators. Dedicated gas meter for the combustion air unit.		
Measure:	Recover waste heat from boiler stack to heat combustion air for boiler operation.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Install energy recovery heat exchanger in existing combustion air unit. Route flue exhaust through heat exchanger to collect waste heat, select equipment to provide 120 degree F temperature rise at 35,000 CFM air flow.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Provide discharge air temperature sensor, to prove heat from energy recovery and trend for 2 weeks when outdoor air temperature is below 25 degrees F. Provide flow switch in the gas line and trend the gas flow (should be no flow) for the same 2 weeks as the discharge air temperature.		

Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	39,807	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$177,841
Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$25,158	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$26,676
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$204,517

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$25,158	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	8.13	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	8.13	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	220	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	24.6%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	39.2%

Findings Details



Building: Heating

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	Uninsulated steam and condensate piping.	Date Identified:	2/16/2011
Description of Finding:	Insulation not found in the boiler room on 100' of 2" low pressure steam (LPS) pipe, 25' of 6" LPS pipe, and 10' of 4" LPS pipe. Insulation not found on 2 elbows of 8" high pressure steam pipe. Insulation not found on 30' of 4" condensate return pipe.		
Equipment or System(s):	Boiler Plant	Finding Category:	Maintenance Related Problems
Finding Type:	Other Maintenance		

Implementer:	Mechanical contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the piping system. Interviews with building staff concluded that these pipes have never been insulated.		
Measure:	Add insulation to piping and pipe accessories.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Add insulation in the boiler room to the uninsulated section to pipe. descriptions listen below: -100' of 2" low pressure steam (LPS) pipe, insulate with 2" of 650F Min Fiber Pipe and Tank, Type II and an All Service Jacket. -25' of 6" LPS pipe, insulate with 3" of 650F Min Fiber Pipe and Tank, Type II and an All Service Jacket. -10' of 4" LPS pipe, insulate with 3" of 650F Min Fiber Pipe and Tank, Type II and an All Service Jacket. -2 elbows of 8" high pressure steam pipe, insulate with 2" 650F Min Fiber Pipe and Tank, Type II and canvas finish. -30' of 4" condensate return pipe, insulate with 1.5" of 650F Min Fiber Pipe and Tank, Type II and an All Service Jacket.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visual inspection of the piping system. Interviews with building staff to ensure all piping gets insulated in the boiler room.		

Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	5,435	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$7,755
Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$3,435	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$1,163
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$8,918

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$3,435	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	2.60	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	2.60	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	30	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	3.4%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	1.7%

Findings Details



Building: Heating

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	5
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the building.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	1,252	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$613
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$72	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$92
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$705

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$131	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	5.39	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	5.39	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	1	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.1%

Findings Details



Building: Heating

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	7
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/26/2012

Investigation Finding:	400 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	400 watt metal halide fixtures were found in the garage work areas.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 400 watt metal halide fixtures are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 400 watt metal halide fixtures with 6 lamp (32 watt) High Output T8 fixtures.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace (20) 400 watt metal halide fixtures with 32 watt 6 lamp high ballast factor T8 fixtures. The high ballast factor fixture will ensure there is appropriate light levels throughout the space.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the fixtures to ensure 6 lamp (32 watt) high output T8 fixtures are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	17,550	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	8
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$975	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$466
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$7,106		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$1,066		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$8,172		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$1,441	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	5.67	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	5.67	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	15	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	1.4%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	1.6%



Findings Summary

Building: James W. Miller LRC
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
6	Over scheduling. AHU-2	\$397	\$3,304	0.12	\$0	0.12	52
3	Over scheduling. AHU-1	\$397	\$2,124	0.19	\$0	0.19	41
8	Over scheduling. AHU-3	\$132	\$145	0.91	\$0	0.91	3
11	Over scheduling. AHU-4	\$132	\$73	1.82	\$0	1.82	1
1	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$33,835	\$7,922	4.27	\$0	4.27	78
2	No Lighting Controls.	\$37,571	\$7,253	5.18	\$0	5.18	139
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$1,058	\$5,646	0.19	\$0	0.19	97
	Total for all Findings:	\$72,465	\$20,822	3.48	\$0	3.48	314

Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the building (3,938 total).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	90,853	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	33
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$5,636	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$2,286
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$29,422		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$4,413		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$33,835		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$7,922	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	4.27	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	4.27	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	78	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	7.7%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	6.5%

Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied. Interviews with the building manager indicates the lights are on 24 hrs a day 7 days a week. Also, the building manager has the only lighting controls for this building and said he never turns the lights off.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Lighting is on more hours than necessary		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of rooms indicates occupancy sensors are not used.		
Measure:	Install Occupancy Sensors.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Install 88 Occupancy Sensors throughout the building to control lighting. It is recommended to use a 20 min time delay for these sensors. However, if a shorter time delay is used, this will result in more energy savings.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the building to ensure occupancy sensors are installed in appropriate locations. Use Light Loggers in a sample area to determine whether lights actually do turn off according to space needs.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	161,903	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$32,671
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$7,253	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$4,901
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$37,571

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$7,253	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	5.18	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	5.18	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	139	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	7.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	7.2%

Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over scheduling. AHU-1	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-1 is operated continuously while the area served is only open for 113 of the 168 hours in a week. The system static pressure is set for 1.96" wc on the day cycle and reduced to 0.8" at night/unoccupied. The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Fan energy use will be eliminated 55 hours per week.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual, staff interviews & trend data confirm continuous operation and static pressure reduction at night. Trend data indicates that the unit maintains a duct static pressure continuously, but at reduced level when the building occupancy is low or the building closed. During a normal school year week, the unit operates at approximately 48 hours of low static pressure.		
Measure:	Reschedule AHU-1 to operate only during hours when the building is open or significantly staffed.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Reprogram the system to run only during scheduled occupancy and cycle on, as necessary, to maintain setback of 10°F from the current setpoint of 70F. The current static pressure for the night operation is set to 0.8" (if unoccupied fan activation is required). During a typical academic week, the system should be put into day cycle at 7:00 AM, to accommodate academic staff, Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The system should be stopped at the posted closing time of 2:00 AM, Monday through Friday, 7:00 PM on Friday evening and 8:00 PM on Saturday. For 11 weeks during the summer the scheduled posted hours are 7:00 AM to 10 PM Monday through Friday, 7:00 AM to 4:00 PM Friday, closed Saturdays, and 2:00 PM to 10:00 PM Sundays. Train the staff to adjust the schedule to match reduced occupancy schedules during school year breaks and holidays for additional savings.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Inspection of the temperature setpoints to ensure they are being set to 60F and 0.8" static pressure during the night. Inspect the scheduling section of the control system will indicate that the system is programmed to start and stop at the recommended times. A week of 15-minute trends of the fan status or duct static pressure for a typical mid-semester week, with normal class schedules, will provide evidence of compliance. Operation during school breaks or weeks with holidays offer additional savings, but are not required for this measure.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	47,402	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$345
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$2,124	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$52
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$397

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$2,124	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.19	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.19	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	41	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	2.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.1%

Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	6
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over scheduling. AHU-2	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-2 is operated continuously while the area served is only open for 110.5 of the 168 hours in a week. The system static pressure is set for 2" wc on the day cycle and reduced to 0.79" at night/unoccupied. The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday. For 11 weeks during the summer the scheduled posted hours are 7:00 AM to 10 PM Monday through Friday, 7:00 AM to 4:00 PM Friday, closed Saturdays, and 2:00 PM to 10:00 PM Sundays.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Fan energy use will be eliminated 55 hours per week.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual, staff interviews & trend data confirm continuous operation and static pressure reduction at night. Trend data indicates that the unit maintains a duct static pressure continuously, but at reduced level when the building occupancy is low or the building closed. During a normal school year week, the unit operates at approximately 40 hours of low static pressure.		
Measure:	Reschedule AHU-2 to operate only during hours when the building is open or significantly staffed.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Reprogram the system to run only during scheduled occupancy and cycle on, as necessary, to maintain setback of 10°F from the current setpoint of 70F. The current static pressure for the night operation is set to 0.8" (if unoccupied fan activation is required). During a typical academic week, the system should be put into day cycle at 7:00 AM, to accommodate academic staff, Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The system should be stopped at the posted closing time of 2:00 AM, Monday through Friday, 7:00 PM on Friday evening and 8:00 PM on Saturday. For 11 weeks during the summer the scheduled posted hours are 7:00 AM to 10 PM Monday through Friday, 7:00 AM to 4:00 PM Friday, closed Saturdays, and 2:00 PM to 10:00 PM Sundays. Train the staff to adjust the schedule to match reduced occupancy schedules during school year breaks and holidays for additional savings.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Inspection of the temperature setpoints to ensure they are being set to 60F and 0.8" static pressure during the night. Inspect the scheduling section of the control system will indicate that the system is programmed to start and stop at the recommended times. A week of 15-minute trends of the fan status or duct static pressure for a typical mid-semester week, with normal class schedules, will provide evidence of compliance.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	61,164	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$345
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$3,304	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$52
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$397

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$3,304	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.12	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.12	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	52	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	3.2%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.1%

Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	8
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over scheduling. AHU-3	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-2 is operated continuously while the area served is only open for 110.5 of the 168 hours in a week. The system static pressure is set for 2" wc on the day cycle and reduced to 0.79" at night/unoccupied. The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday. For 11 weeks during the summer the scheduled posted hours are 7:00 AM to 10 PM Monday through Friday, 7:00 AM to 4:00 PM Friday, closed Saturdays, and 2:00 PM to 10:00 PM Sundays.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Fan energy use will be eliminated one hour per day.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Trend data was used to identify the method of operation VAV airflow, calculated OA percentage and damper positions are used in lieu of status points to verify AHU operating hours. Interviews with building personnel helped indicate current operations.		
Measure:	Reschedule AHU-3 to operate only during hours when the building is open or significantly staffed.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Reprogram the system to start 0.5 hrs before the building is occupied and cycle on, as necessary, to maintain setback temperature or humidity requirements. The building are published on the SCSU web page. Program the unit to start operation 0.5 hrs before the posted schedule. The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Inspection of the scheduling section of the control system will indicate that the system is programmed to start and stop at the recommended times. A week of 15-minute trends of the fan status or duct static pressure for a typical mid-semester week, with normal class schedules, will provide evidence of compliance. Operation during summer session, school breaks or weeks with holidays offer additional savings, but are not required for this measure.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	3,246	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$115
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$145	PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$17
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$132

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$145	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.91	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.91	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	3	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	11
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over scheduling. AHU-4	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-4 is placed in operation approximately 1 hour before the building opens for the day. OA is introduced to the system and heated or cooled during this hour as well. The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Fan energy use will be eliminated one hour per day.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Trend data was used to identify the method of operation VAV airflow, calculated OA percentage and damper positions are used in lieu of status points to verify AHU operating hours. Interviews with building personnel helped indicate current operations.		
Measure:	Reschedule AHU-4 to operate only during hours when the building is open or significantly staffed.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Reprogram the system to start 0.5 hrs before the building is occupied and cycle on, as necessary, to maintain setback temperature or humidity requirements. The building are published on the SCSU web page. Program the unit to start operation 0.5 hrs before the posted schedule. The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Inspection of the scheduling section of the control system will indicate that the system is programmed to start and stop at the recommended times. A week of 15-minute trends of the fan status or duct static pressure for a typical mid-semester week, with normal class schedules, will provide evidence of compliance. Operation during summer session, school breaks or weeks with holidays offer additional savings, but are not required for this measure.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	1,623	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$115
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$73	PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$17
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$132

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$73	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	1.82	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	1.82	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	1	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Findings Summary



Building: Mitchell Hall
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
2	Inefficient Lighting.	\$3,308	\$1,101	3.01	\$0	3.01	14
3	Inefficient Lighting.	\$4,006	\$700	5.72	\$0	5.72	7
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$7,313	\$1,801	4.06	\$0	4.06	21

Findings Details



Building: Mitchell Hall

FWB Number:	11607	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	Inefficient Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 lamps were found in the corridors and common areas, Incandescent lamps were found in the maintenance closets.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed, as well as some Incandescent lamps.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps. Replace 60 watt incandescent lamps with 14 watt CFL.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps in the corridors and common areas. Per attachment 4 of the RFP Mitchell Hall information indicates 8760 hours of operation, this is consistent with interviews from building staff that indicates these areas always need to have light for safety reasons. Also, replace 60 watt incandescent lamps with 14 watt CFL in the maintenance closets.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed, as well as compact fluorescent lamps.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	16,727	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	4
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$858	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$242
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$2,978		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$330		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$3,308		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$1,101	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	3.01	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	3.01	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	14	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	1.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.6%

Findings Details



Building: Mitchell Hall

FWB Number:	11607	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	Inefficient Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 lamps were found in the Dorm Rooms and Kitchen Areas.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace approximately 492 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps in the Dorm Room and Kitchen Areas. Hours will vary per dorm room, AMEC used past experience to determine average use.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	7,611	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	4
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$463	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$237
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$3,676		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$330		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$4,006		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$700	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	5.72	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	5.72	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	7	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.7%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.8%



Findings Summary

Building: National Hockey Center
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
5	Desiccant Unit 2 Heating in Warm Weather	\$1,650	\$5,029	0.33	\$0	0.33	50
4	Desiccant Unit 2 Overuse in Cold Weather	\$1,708	\$4,171	0.41	\$0	0.41	44
2	High Bay Lobby Lighting	\$16,697	\$3,541	4.72	\$0	4.72	41
1	Inefficient Fluorescent Lighting	\$5,019	\$533	9.41	\$0	9.41	6
3	Lighting Controls	\$10,262	\$799	12.84	\$0	12.84	12
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$3,358	\$9,200	0.37	\$0	0.37	94
	Total for all Findings:	\$35,336	\$14,073	2.51	\$0	2.51	152

Findings Details



Building: National Hockey Center

FWB Number:	11608	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/25/2012

Investigation Finding:	Inefficient Fluorescent Lighting	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 watt T8 lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the hallways.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed. Submit invoice showing the lamps were purchased.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	6,493	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	3
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$361	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$172
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$4,563		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$456		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$5,019		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$533	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	9.41	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	9.41	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	6	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.5%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	1.0%

Findings Details



Building: National Hockey Center

FWB Number:	11608	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/25/2012

Investigation Finding:	High Bay Lobby Lighting	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	400 watt metal halide fixtures were found in the main lobby areas.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor.	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 400 watt metal halide fixtures are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 400 watt metal halide lamps with 6 lamp T8 fixtures.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace 400 watt metal halide lamps with 6 lamp T8 fixtures. Fixtures shall have six 32 watt lamps each with a high efficiency ballast that is also a high ballast factor electronic model. The ballast/lamp combination is expected to have an input power of approximately 221 Watts.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect and submit photo and invoice of the 6 lamp T8 fixtures.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	47,532	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	16
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$2,643	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$897
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$15,179		
PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$1,518		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$16,697		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$3,541	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	4.72	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	4.72	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	41	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	3.5%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	3.2%

Findings Details



Building: National Hockey Center

FWB Number:	11608	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/25/2012

Investigation Finding:	Lighting Controls	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Lighting is on more hours than necessary		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of rooms indicates occupancy sensors are not used.		
Measure:	Install occupancy sensors.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Install occupancy sensors throughout the building to control lighting. It is recommended to use a 20 min time delay for these sensors. However, if a shorter time delay is used, this will result in more energy savings.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the building to ensure occupancy sensors are installed in appropriate locations. Use light loggers in a sample area to determine whether lights actually do turn off according to space needs.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	14,367	Contractor Cost (\$):	\$9,329
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$799	PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$933
		Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$10,262

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$799	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	12.84	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	12.84	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	12	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.8%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	2.0%

Findings Details



Building: National Hockey Center

FWB Number:	11608	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/25/2012

Investigation Finding:	Desiccant Unit 2 Overuse in Cold Weather	Date Identified:	3/23/2012
Description of Finding:	Desiccant unit 2, serving the Practice Rink, operated continuously from October 17 through the end of data collection in January. This unit was dehumidifying over 99% of the time that the OA temperature was below 40° F and intermittently at warmer temperatures. This is inconsistent with the operation of desiccant unit 1 and the fact that cold OA is drier and dehumidification should not be required under those conditions. Per ASHRAE S24.6-2008, dehumidification should be used to maintain the dew point 15° below the space temperature to eliminate fog formation over the ice sheet. The space temperature is typically 50° F during winter weather. Since the dew point is by definition less than the dry bulb temperature, any time that the OA temperature is less than 40° F, desiccant dehumidification should not be required. This is also consistent with the operation of the adjacent main rink system. This is likely the result of the combination of a bad humidity sensor(s) and mix up between summer and winter control modes for the desiccant unit.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Controls Problems
Finding Type:	Other Controls		

Implementer:	Temperature control contractor	Benefits:	Gas and electric energy savings.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Tren data analysis		
Measure:	Fix winter operating mode and calibrate humidity control.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Calibrate humidity sensor(s) and change winter operating mode to allow heating with the post-heating coil and disable dehumidification. Make the setup of operating mode simple and clear for operators. Also limit winter time air handler operation to occupied hours (plus short-term response to thermostat calls for heat during unoccupied hours).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Trend OA temperature, space temperature, space dew point or humidity, desiccant unit operation and desiccant unit discharge air temperature and relative humidity for a period of two weeks during November, December, January or February. The unit should not dehumidify when the OA temperature is less than 40° F, and should only operate as needed for ventilation during occupied hours and/or cycle for heating overnight.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	13,316	Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	5,902
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$553	Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$3,618
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,258		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$450		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,708		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$4,171	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.41	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.41	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	44	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	4.1%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.3%

Findings Details



Building: National Hockey Center

FWB Number:	11608	Eco Number:	5
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/25/2012

Investigation Finding:	Desiccant Unit 2 Heating in Warm Weather	Date Identified:	4/26/2012
Description of Finding:	Desiccant unit 2, serving the Practice Rink, operated and heated air continuously during warmer weather. Even though the dehumidification operation cycled based on arena humidity, the post-heating coil caused continuous heating that overheated the arena to around 60°F until the "summertime" operating mode was switched.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Controls Problems
Finding Type:	Other Controls		

Implementer:	Temperature control contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Tren data analysis		
Measure:	Fix summer operating mode to prevent continuous heating.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Change summer operating mode to prevent continuous heating with the post-heating coil. Make the setup of operating mode simple and clear for operators. Also limit summertime air handler operation to occupied hours (plus short-term response to thermostat calls for heat during unoccupied hours).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Trend OA temperature, space temperature, space dew point or humidity, desiccant unit operation and desiccant unit discharge air temperature and relative humidity for a period of two weeks during between May and September. At outdoor air temperatures above 50°F the unit should heat only as needed to maintain the arena temperature above the setpoint (expected to be 50°F or less), and should only operate as needed for ventilation during occupied hours and/or cycle for dehumidification or heating overnight.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	9,069	Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	7,591
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$376	Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$4,653
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,200		
PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$450		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,650		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$5,029	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.33	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.33	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	50	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	4.9%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.3%



Findings Summary

Building: Husky Stadium
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	Excessive Enabling of AHU2.	\$152	\$266	0.57	\$0	0.57	3
2	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	\$1,615	\$284	5.68	\$0	5.68	3
4	250 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	\$12,093	\$1,417	8.53	\$0	8.53	15
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$152	\$266	0.57	\$0	0.57	3
	Total for all Findings:	\$13,861	\$1,968	7.04	\$0	7.04	20

Findings Details



Building: Husky Stadium

FWB Number:	11609	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/27/2012

Investigation Finding:	Excessive Enabling of AHU2.	Date Identified:	2/16/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-2 operates 24/7 during the fall sports season (Aug - Nov) and 3 hours per day (1pm - 4pm), 5 days per week (Mon - Fri), for the rest of the year. This is needed for the fall sports season, but not during the rest of the year. The fall season operating schedule is as was reported by campus maintenance staff. The off-season operating schedule was obtained by reviewing trend data and confirming the findings with the staff. We only used 5 days per week because special events on weekends frequently require additional run hours.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Equipment Scheduling and Enabling
Finding Type:	Time of Day enabling is excessive		

Implementer:	Control contractor	Benefits:	Heating and cooling energy and cost savings.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Maintenance staff interviews and BAS schedule. Operation confirmed by trend data of AHU2 SF and RF. Operation over time shows the unit is on for 3 hours a day Mon-Fri during all times except the fall sports season. Winter weekend use is determined by special events scheduling and varies as necessary for the anticipated activities in the building.		
Measure:	Reduce OA ventilation and fan operation by 1 hr per day (Mon - Fri) (3pm - 4pm).		
Recommendation for Implementation:	During the fall sports season and winter weekends, keep the operation as it is presently scheduled. During all other seasons, reduce OA ventilation and fan operation of AHU2 by 1 hr per day (Mon - Fri) (3pm - 4pm). Further reductions should be tried as well.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Trend AHU2 SF and RF Operation over time to ensure the unit shuts down between the hours of 3pm and 4pm Mon-Fri, excluding fall sports season (Aug - Nov).		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	1,178	Annual Natural Gas Savings (therms):	292
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$81	Estimated Annual Natural Gas Savings (\$):	\$185
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$132		
PBEEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$20		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$152		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$266	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.57	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.57	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	3	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.3%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Findings Details



Building: Husky Stadium

FWB Number:	11609	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/27/2012

Investigation Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lighting.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	32 Watt T8 Lamps were found throughout the building.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 32 watt T8 lamps are being installed. Used screenshots from building website to determine hours of operation.		
Measure:	Replace 32 watt lamps with 28 watt lamps.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace the 32 watt T8 lamps with 28 watt T8 lamps throughout the building.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the lamps to ensure 28 watt T8 lamps are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	3,294	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	2
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$195	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$90
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$1,405		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$211		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$1,615		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$284	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	5.68	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	5.68	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	3	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.3%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.3%

Findings Details



Building: Husky Stadium

FWB Number:	11609	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/27/2012

Investigation Finding:	250 Watt Metal Halide fixtures.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	250 watt Metal Halide fixtures were found in the main corridor.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Retrofits
Finding Type:	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings and load reduction
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the lamps concluded 250 watt metal halide fixtures are being installed.		
Measure:	Replace 250 watt metal halide fixtures with 4 lamp (32 watt) High Output T8 fixtures.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Replace 250 watt metal halide fixtures with 4 lamp (32 watt) T8 high ballast factor fixtures. The high ballast factor fixture will ensure there is appropriate light levels throughout the space.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the fixtures to ensure 4 lamp (32 watt) high output T8 fixtures are being installed.		

Annual Electric Savings (kWh):	17,008	Peak Demand Savings (kWh):	6
Estimated Annual kWh Savings (\$):	\$972	Estimated Annual Demand Savings (\$):	\$445
Contractor Cost (\$):	\$10,516		
PBEEP Provider Cost for Implementation Assistance (\$):	\$1,577		
Total Estimated Implementation Cost (\$):	\$12,093		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$1,417	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	8.53	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	8.53	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	15	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	1.4%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	2.3%

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11601 - SCSU- Central Chilled Water Plant

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Not Relevant	
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position... Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Not Relevant	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Not Relevant	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Not Relevant	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Not Relevant	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Not Relevant	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Not Relevant	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Not Relevant	
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping	X	Throughout Campus		Yes, but solution exceeds project scope
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Not Relevant	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11601 - SCSU- Central Chilled Water Plant

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	
	g.4 (31)	OTHER VFD			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Not Relevant	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Not Relevant	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Not Relevant	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Not Relevant	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Not Relevant	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Not Relevant	
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Not Relevant	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11602 - SCSU- Garvey Commons

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Building is schedule in BAS and follows the building schedule well.
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Equipment is enabled when cooking starts and shuts down when cooking equipment is turned off.
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position, Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement	X	Unit Heater Penthouse		Pneumatic tubing broken to stat used for fan cycling of steam unit heater.
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	No condenser water.
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Not Relevant	
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Not Relevant	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11602 - SCSU- Garvey Commons

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Not Relevant	
	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Not Relevant	
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	
	g.4 (31)	OTHER_VFD			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	No chillers in this building.
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Not Relevant	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Not Relevant	
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	X	Entire Building		Consider 28 watt T8 replacement lamps.
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper	X	AHU-1 & AHU-2 Penthouse		AHU-1 OA damper blade seals completely gone. AHU-2 damper blade seals partially gone.
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance	X	AHU-3 Penthouse		Damaged steam coil, steam leak.
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11603 - SCSU- Halenbeck North

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Not Relevant	The BAS does not enable systems in this building.
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Most spaces have occupancy sensors
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Not Relevant	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Not Relevant	This building is not connected to the campus chilled water system and there is very little cooling installed.
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls	x	Pool Unit		OA damper is pneumatic control, upgrade to DDC to match other control points, or replace poorly operating pool unit
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Not Relevant	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	constant volume systems
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	constant volume system with OA temperature reset
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Not Relevant	No VAV boxes in building
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	No discharge air temperature reset, dx equipment is staged to match load as well as possible
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Not Relevant	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Not Relevant	
	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Not Relevant	System uses a HW temperature reset, based on OA temperature. Modulating flow would risk unstable operation.

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11603 - SCSU- Halenbeck North

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
g. Ventilation Equipment (11-12)	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	No process motors in this building
	g.4 (31)	OTHER_VFD			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	No chillers in this building
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)	x	Pool Unit		The natatorium ventilation system is not automatically controlled, the temperature and humidity are not set for optimal efficiency, and major components are inoperative.
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	x	throughout building		switch from T-8 32 watt to 28 watt
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Not cost-effective to investigate	Maintenance staff indicated that the roof was re-insulated to R-30. Additional insulation would not be cost effective.
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER_Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER_Maintenance			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11604 - SCSU- Halenbeck South

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive	X	Throughout building		Building is scheduled to be open 6AM until 11PM weekdays, 9AM-6PM Sat & noon to 11PM on Sun. Unit 7 starts an hour early on weekdays. AHU-9 starts 2 hours early and AHU-10 3 hours early on Sat. No data on field house units (SF 1-6).
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.	X	Throughout Building		Lighting was on in several areas that were unoccupied
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)	X	AHU-7		Damper is at 10% during all occupied hours
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Not Relevant	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Not Relevant	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Not Relevant	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Not Relevant	few windows and building lighting is scheduled on BAS
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Fieldhouse units 1-6 observed running at reduced speed.
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	Steam heat, no chilled water in this building
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Not Relevant	No VAV boxes in this building
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	Steam heat
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	No chilled water in this building
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	Constant volume AHUs
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Not Relevant	No pumping systems
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Not Relevant	No pumping systems
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Not cost-effective to investigate	Fieldhouse units are VAV and others too small to be cost effective for retrofit.

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11604 - SCSU- Halenbeck South

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Not Relevant	No pumping systems
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	No process motors in this building
	g.4 (31)	OTHER_VFD			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	No chillers in this building
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Not Relevant	No mechanical cooling in this building
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	No boilers in this building
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Not Relevant	No pumping systems
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Not Relevant	
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	X	Throughout Building		Consider 28 watt T8 replacement lamps
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER_Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper	X			MAT on AHU-9 & 10 very low at night.
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER_Maintenance			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11605 - SCSU- Heating and Maintenance

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Not Relevant	No AHUs in this building
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Not Relevant	No AHUs in this building
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Not Relevant	No AHUs in this building
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Not Relevant	No AHUs in this building
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Not Relevant	No VAV boxes
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	No AHUs or active radiation using heating water in building
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	No CHW cooling in building
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	No AHUs in building
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11605 - SCSU- Heating and Maintenance

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Not Relevant	
	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	No process motors in this building
	g.4 (31)	OTHER VFD			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	No chillers in this building
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Not Relevant	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Not Relevant	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery	x	boiler room		heat combustion air using flue gases, feedwater economizer for boilers B-1 & B-2. Boiler blowdown heat recovery.
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	x	throughout building		switch from T-8 32 watt to 28 watt, Also replace HID fixtures with 6 lamp T8 HO fixtures
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Not Relevant	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance	x	entire building		Several lineal feet of uninsulated steam and condensate piping identified
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11606 - SCSU- James Miller LRC

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive	X	AHU-1,2,3,4		The posted school year opening time for this building is 7:30 AM Monday through Friday, 10:00 AM on Saturday and 11:00 AM on Sunday. The building closes at 2:00 AM Sunday through Thursday, 7:00 PM Friday and 8:00 PM on Saturday. The building is open 110.5 hours per week and closed for 57.5. A computer lab on the first floor is open 24/7. The AHUs 1 & 2 are run 24/7, but at a reduced SA static pressure over night. AHU-5 serves a 24/7 computer lab and runs continuously. AHU-6 serves a theater and operates approximately 60 hours per week. AHU-7 & 8 are Liebert computer room units where one unit operates continuously and the other provides back-up service. AHU-9 has an energy recovery wheel and runs continuously.
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.	X	Throughout Building		Lighting was on in several areas that were unoccupied
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Not Relevant	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	VAV min flow rates OK, but increased flow on some would reduce reheat on others.
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Static pressure is not set higher than 2" and this is not excessive.
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	no water cooled condenser
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11606 - SCSU- James Miller LRC

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Not cost-effective to investigate	Equipment can modulate to efficiently handle partial loading.
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Not Relevant	All fans with variable loads have VFDs
	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	No process
	g.4 (31)	OTHER VFD			Not Relevant	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Not Relevant	Most motors are premium efficiency
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	No chillers in building
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	No boilers
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Not Relevant	No gas heating equipment
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	None
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Not cost-effective to investigate	Decentralized exhaust and ventilation reduction options make this a weak candidate for implementation.
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	X	Throughout Building		Consider 28 watt T8 replacement lamps
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11607 - SCSU- Mitchell Hall

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Not Relevant	
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Currently in place and operating well
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Discharge are is currently varied from 60 - 80 degrees F based on average space temperature.
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11607 - SCSU- Mitchell Hall

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Not Relevant	
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Outside air temperature reset in place
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	
	g.4 (31)	OTHER VFD			Not Relevant	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Not Relevant	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Not Relevant	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Not Relevant	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	x	Throughout Building		28 watt T8 replacement lamps
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Verified via functional test at AHU. Dampers seal tight.
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Verified proper operation at the unit and via trend data
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11608 - SCSU- National Hockey Center

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.	x	Throughout Building		Lighting was on in several areas that were unoccupied.
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads	X	Desiccant unit 2		Desiccant unit 2 is overused during cold weather.
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Not Relevant	No VAVs in this building.
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	No chilled water in this building.
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.				Large dehumidifying unit rarely runs.
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11608 - SCSU- National Hockey Center

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	No process motors in this building.
	g.4 (31)	OTHER VFD			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Newer building with new high efficiency motors.
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not cost-effective to investigate	Existing boiler is condensing boiler.
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	x	Throughout Building		Consider 28 watt T8 replacement lamps, consider replacing HID fixtures with HO T8 fixtures
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy				
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11609 - SCSU- Rec Facility/Stadium

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
a. Equipment Scheduling and Enabling:	a.1 (1)	Time of Day enabling is excessive	X	AHU2		Excessive Enabling of AHU2.
	a.2 (2)	Equipment is enabled regardless of need, or such enabling is excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.3 (3)	Lighting is on more hours than necessary.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	a.4 (4)	OTHER Equipment Scheduling/Enabling			Not Relevant	
b. Economizer/Outside Air Loads:	b.1 (5)	Economizer Operation – Inadequate Free Cooling (Damper failed in minimum or closed position, economizer setpoints not optimized)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.2 (6)	Over-Ventilation – Outside air damper failed in an open position. Minimum outside air fraction not set to design specifications or occupancy.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	b.3 (7)	OTHER Economizer/OA Loads			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
c. Controls Problems:	c.1 (8)	Simultaneous Heating and Cooling is present and excessive			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.2 (9)	Sensor/Thermostat needs calibration, relocation/shielding, and/or replacement			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.3 (10)	Controls "hunt" and/or need Loop Tuning or separation of heating/cooling setpoints			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	c.4 (11)	OTHER Controls			Not Relevant	
d. Controls (Setpoint Changes):	d.1 (12)	Daylighting controls or occupancy sensors need optimization.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.2 (13)	Zone setpoint setup/setback are not implemented or are sub-optimal.			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.3 (14)	Fan Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	AHU-1 & 2 are VAV systems
	d.4 (15)	Pump Speed Doesn't Vary Sufficiently			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	System operates on constant pressure differential pumping and variable water temperature. Varying two variables would likely cause system instability.
	d.5 (16)	VAV Box Minimum Flow Setpoint is higher than necessary			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	d.6 (17)	Other Controls (Setpoint Changes)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	AHU mixed air and supply air temperature set point trends were studied and no significant issues were observed, based on winter operating conditions.
e. Controls (Reset Schedules):	e.1 (18)	HW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Water temperature is reset.
	e.2 (19)	CHW Supply Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.3 (20)	Supply Air Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.4 ()	Supply Duct Static Pressure Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	e.5 (21)	Condenser Water Temperature Reset is not implemented or is sub-optimal			Not Relevant	
	e.6 (22)	Other Controls (Reset Schedules)			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.1 (23)	Daylighting Control needs optimization—Spaces are Over-Lit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11609 - SCSU- Rec Facility/Stadium

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
f. Equipment Efficiency Improvements / Load Reduction:	f.2 (24)	Pump Discharge Throttled			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Flow is balanced with VFD's water temperature is reset by OA temperature.
	f.3 (25)	Over-Pumping			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	f.4 (26)	Equipment is oversized for load.			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	f.5 (27)	OTHER Equipment Efficiency/Load Reduction			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
g. Variable Frequency Drives (VFD):	g.1 (28)	VFD Retrofit - Fans			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	AHU fans have VFDs
	g.2 (29)	VFD Retrofit - Pumps			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	Pumps have VFDs
	g.3 (30)	VFD Retrofit - Motors (process)			Not Relevant	
	g.4 (31)	OTHER_VFD			Not Relevant	
h. Retrofits:	h.1 (32)	Retrofit - Motors			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.2 (33)	Retrofit - Chillers			Not Relevant	
	h.3 (34)	Retrofit - Air Conditioners (Air Handling Units, Packaged Unitary Equipment)			Not Relevant	
	h.4 (35)	Retrofit - Boilers			Not Relevant	
	h.5 (36)	Retrofit - Packaged Gas fired heating			Not Relevant	
	h.6 (37)	Retrofit - Heat Pumps			Not Relevant	
	h.7 (38)	Retrofit - Equipment (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.8 (39)	Retrofit - Pumping distribution method			Not Relevant	
	h.9 (40)	Retrofit - Energy/Heat Recovery			Not Relevant	Heat wheels installed.
	h.10 (41)	Retrofit - System (custom)			Not Relevant	
	h.11 (42)	Retrofit - Efficient Lighting	X	Throughout Building		Consider 28 watt T8 replacement lamps, consider replacing HID fixtures with HO T8 fixtures
	h.12 (43)	Retrofit - Building Envelope			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.13 (44)	Retrofit - Alternative Energy			Not cost-effective to investigate	
	h.14 (45)	OTHER Retrofit			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
i. Maintenance Related Problems:	i.1 (46)	Differed Maintenance from Recommended/Standard			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.2 (47)	Impurity/Contamination			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.3 ()	Leaky/Stuck Damper			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.4 ()	Leaky/Stuck Valve			Investigation looked for, but did not find this issue.	
	i.5 (48)	OTHER Maintenance			Not Relevant	

Investigation Checklist



Rev. 2.0 (12/16/2010)

11609 - SCSU- Rec Facility/Stadium

This checklist is designed to be a resource and reference for Providers and PBEEP.

Finding Category	Finding Type Number	Finding Type	Relevant Findings (if any)	Finding Location	Reason for no relevant finding	Notes
j. OTHER	j.1 (49)	OTHER			Not Relevant	



414 Nicollet Mall, GO-6
Minneapolis, MN 55401

1-800-481-4700
xcelenergy.com

February 28, 2011

SCSU
Attn: John Frischmann
720 4th Ave. S.
St. Cloud, MN 56301

Dear John:

Thank you for participating in Xcel Energy's Recommissioning program. We have reviewed your study applications and proposals and have preapproved your studies. The following outlines your rebates and project information:

Building Address	Chilled Water Plant		
Study Cost	\$1,131.00	Study Number	RM1554.1
Preapproved study rebate*	\$825.00		
* Your rebate was based on the study cost provided. If the final study cost is lower, your rebate will be adjusted accordingly.			
Study Provider	AMEC		
Account manager	Scott Hinde	Phone	320-269-7862
Building Address	Garvey Commons		
Study Cost	\$7,597.00	Study Number	RM1554.2
Preapproved study rebate*	\$5,675.00		
Building Address	Hallenbeck North		
Study Cost	\$19,709.00	Study Number	RM1554.3
Preapproved study rebate*	\$14,775.00		
Building Address	Hallenbeck South		
Study Cost	\$14,900.00	Study Number	RM1554.4
Preapproved study rebate*	\$11,175.00		



414 Nicollet Mall, GO-6
Minneapolis, MN 55401

1-800-481-4700
xcelenergy.com

Building Address	Heating and Maintenance 1		
Study Cost	\$2,815.00	Study Number	RM1554.5
Preapproved study rebate*	\$2,100.00		

Building Address	Learning Resource Center		
Study Cost	\$35,015.00	Study Number	RM1554.6
Preapproved study rebate*	\$25,000.00		

Building Address	Mitchell Hall		
Study Cost	\$16,358.00	Study Number	RM1554.7
Preapproved study rebate*	\$12,250.00		

Building Address	National Hockey Center		
Study Cost	\$22,656.00	Study Number	RM1554.8
Preapproved study rebate*	\$16,975.00		

Building Address	Recreational Facility		
Study Cost	\$5,960.00	Study Number	RM1554.9
Preapproved study rebate*	\$4,450.00		

Building Address	Stadium		
Study Cost	\$5,215.00	Study Number	RM1554.10
Preapproved study rebate*	\$3,900.00		

Here's a quick review of the Recommissioning program process:

- Once your studies are complete, your study provider will send a draft copy to us for review.
- After we complete our review and approve the studies, we will send you a confirmation letter noting our approval.
- Your study provider will schedule a wrap-up meeting with you and your Xcel Energy account manager to go over the results of the studies.
- You pay the study provider for the full cost of the studies.



414 Nicollet Mall, GO-6
Minneapolis, MN 55401

1-800-481-4700
xcelenergy.com

- You submit the Recommissioning Study Rebate Application, along with a copy of the invoice and your Customer Implementation Plan, to us within 3 months of your report presentation. Please work with your account manager to complete the Customer Implementation Plan.
- We'll send your study rebate check to you.

Please note that we need to approve the final study in order to receive your study rebate.

This study pre-approval is valid for **three months** from the date of this letter. If your studies will take longer than that, please let us know. If you have any questions or comments, please call your assigned Xcel Energy account manager. Thanks again for participating in our Recommissioning program.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Jon Packer'.

Jon Packer
Marketing Assistant, Recommissioning

Enclosure

CC: Scott Hinde - Xcel Energy
Sherryl Volkert - Xcel Energy
Randy Richgruber - AMEC



Deleted Findings Summary

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Building	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	Central Chilled Water Plant	Low ΔT and the system had difficulty meeting set points during hot weather.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
2	Garvey Commons	Over ventilation AHU-3.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	Garvey Commons	Retrofit make-up air unit (AHU-3).	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
7	Garvey Commons	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
1	Halenbeck Hall North	The natatorium ventilation system is not automatically controlled, the temperature and humidity are	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
2	Halenbeck Hall South	Economizer operation.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	Halenbeck Hall South	No mixed air reset.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
2	Heating and Maintenance	Feedwater economizer.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	Heating and Maintenance	Boiler blow down.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
6	Heating and Maintenance	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
8	Heating and Maintenance	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	Husky Stadium	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
5	Husky Stadium	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
4	James W. Miller LRC	Over ventilation. AHU-1	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
5	James W. Miller LRC	Over ventilation. AHU-1	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
7	James W. Miller LRC	Over ventilation. AHU-2	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
9	James W. Miller LRC	Leaky Damper.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
10	James W. Miller LRC	Over ventilation. AHU-3	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0



Deleted Findings Summary

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Building	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
12	James W. Miller LRC	Over ventilation. AHU-4	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
13	James W. Miller LRC	Over ventilation. AHU-5	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
14	James W. Miller LRC	HX failure. AHU-9	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
1	Mitchell Hall	Over ventilation AHU-1.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
4	Mitchell Hall	Limited Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
		Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
		Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: Central Chilled Water Plant
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	Low ΔT and the system had difficulty meeting set points during hot weather.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Central Chilled Water Plant

FWB Number:	11601	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/20/2012

Investigation Finding:	Low ΔT and the system had difficulty meeting set points during hot weather.	Date Identified:	9/13/2011
Description of Finding:	During the hottest days of July 2011, the chilled water plant had difficulty maintaining CHS at the setpoint. Design CHS was 44 but system is set for 40. Condenser water leaving the tower exceeded design (85° F) for 49 hours. Weather conditions exceeded the design criteria, condenser water temperature exceeded condenser requirements limiting the chiller performance. Chillers failed to meet design CHS temp for 29 hours. System operates at an 8 to 9° F ΔT .		
Equipment or System(s):	Chiller Plant	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	This will reduce the chilled water pump and overall system power consumption. Excessive pumping transfers heat to the water and adds load to the chiller and tower.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Trend data indicates that the loop ΔT is usually operated between 8 and 9° F. The chiller manufacturer's representative indicated that it was designed for a ΔT of 12° F.		
Measure:	Increase the main loop ΔT to 12° F and reduce the chilled water flow rate. Since a significant portion of the campus chilled water system is beyond the scope of this project, we are unable to determine if this measure is viable. Some buildings have tertiary pumps that may or may not be operating, while other buildings do not have them.		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Summary



Building: Garvey Commons

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
2	Over ventilation AHU-3.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	Retrofit make-up air unit (AHU-3).	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
7	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation AHU-3.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	OA damper failed on open position when freeze stat tripped. This is a maintenance issue for the purpose of asset protection, to avoid coil damage via freezing and coil rupture.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Controls contractor	Benefits:	Coil Freeze Protection. There is no verifiable energy savings associated with this measure.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection and trending		
Measure:	Change control sequence to close OA damper anytime unit is not in operation. Total cost of \$656 contractor, \$98 PBEEP provider		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Modify controls sequence to have OA damper close on freeze stat trip.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Trending and functional test		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Retrofit make-up air unit (AHU-3).	Date Identified:	2/16/2011
Description of Finding:	The existing kitchen make-up air unit (AHU-3) uses campus steam for heat when a direct fired gas system would be more efficient and reduce operating cost.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by PBEEP		

Implementer:	Mechanical contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection and trending		
Measure:	Provide new direct fired gas make-up air unit with a chilled water coil. 4,096 Th saved with a cost of \$65,129 cotractor and \$9,769 provider; 25 year payback		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Install a direct fired gas make-up air unit, with a chilled water cooling coil, to replace the existing steam heat for make-up air.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Physical inspection and trending of air flow and discharge air temperature		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Garvey Commons

FWB Number:	11602	Eco Number:	7
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by PBEEP		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of rooms indicates occupancy sensors are not being utilized.		
Measure:	Install Occupancy Sensors. Savings of 5,900 kWh, cost of \$7,725 contractor and \$1,159 provider for a payback of 26 years		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Install 25 Occupancy Sensors throughout the building to control lighting. It is recommended to use a 20 min time delay for these sensors. However, if a shorter time delay is used, this will result in more energy savings.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Visually inspect the building to ensure occupancy sensors are installed in appropriate locations. Use Light Loggers in a sample area to determine whether lights actually do turn off according to space needs.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: Halenbeck Hall North

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	The natatorium ventilation system is not automatically controlled, the temperature and humidity are	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall North

FWB Number:	11603	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	The natatorium ventilation system is not automatically controlled, the temperature and humidity are	Date Identified:	3/9/2011
Description of Finding:	The natatorium temperature was found set for, and maintained at, 76° F. The space humidity was uncontrolled and observed to be 40% RH. The pool water temperature is maintained at 80 and 83° F for the main and diving pools, respectively. The OA damper was adjusted manually, without a specific strategy or schedule. The pool unit was originally designed to maintain natatorium humidity levels with up to 19,000 CFM of outside air and heat. A 13,000 CFM Dectron dehumidification, air conditioning and heat recovery system is currently installed, but has multiple maintenance, design and control issues. The maintenance issues include a failed compressor and a second refrigeration circuit that has lost all of its refrigerant through leaks. A water pump, that is suspected of transferring heat from air stream to the pool water, is no longer installed. At some point, the OA duct was downsized from a 54" round duct to a 24" x 26", thus reducing the maximum OA flow from at least 19,000 CFM to about 5,000 CFM and severely limiting the systems ability to control humidity with ventilation. The maintenance staff indicated that there have been control malfunctions since installation of the Dectron, there is no OA damper actuator and the second generation controls, currently in place, are poorly defined and missing hardware components. Per ASHRAE, natatoriums should be maintained at 2° F above the water temperature (not to exceed 85) and the humidity between 40 and 60%, but low enough to avoid condensation on the walls. ASHRAE 62.1-2004, as incorporated by reference into the Minnesota Building code, requires 3,888 CFM of OA, based on the area of the pool and deck. A TAB contractor measured the pre-existing OA flow at 3751 CFM. If a new system cannot legally operate below 3888 CFM of OA, it will not be possible to save enough energy to fund the cost of improvements. The system can continue to operate as is, but major modifications will require compliance with the current code. No measure will be recommended at this time.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual observation, plans, trend data, TAB test reports and staff interviews. Trends of the space temperature, space humidity and water temperatures were used to confirm the current conditions.		
Measure:	The proposed measure (which would not meet code requirements for ventilation) had \$24,460 for contractor cost, \$3,669 provider cost, used 24,506 kWh more electric energy and saved 33,597 Th a year		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (C02e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: Halenbeck Hall South

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
2	Economizer operation.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	No mixed air reset.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall South

FWB Number:	11604	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Economizer operation.	Date Identified:	4/4/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-7 operates at 10% OA on occupied cycle regardless the need for cooling. The OA damper operation was tested, with the assistance of the temperature control technician, and found to be inoperative. However, this is a heating only unit so no savings will come from free cooling of an economizer cycle. Therefore this Finding has been dropped from further consideration.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating only	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	OA damper position trend.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Halenbeck Hall South

FWB Number:	11604	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	1/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No mixed air reset.	Date Identified:	4/4/2011
Description of Finding:	Mixed air temperature is fixed at 60 degrees, regardless of space temperatures, and will cause the introduction of excessive OA that will, at times require heat. (AHU-9 and 10). This measure is being dropped. Upon further review of the systems, there are a number of interior rooms being served that will require cooling during nearly all times of the year. The opportunity to save energy by increasing the mixed air setpoint will be limited at best.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating only	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	N/A		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: Heating and Maintenance
Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
2	Feedwater economizer.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
3	Boiler blow down.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
6	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
8	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Heating and Maintenance

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	2
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Feedwater economizer.	Date Identified:	2/17/2011
Description of Finding:	Boilers #1 & 2 has no stack economizer.		
Equipment or System(s):	Boiler Plant	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Mechanical & controls contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	visual inspection of boiler and boiler stack.		
Measure:	Not physically possible without extensive revision to the breeching.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Based on conservation and site visit of manufacturing representative, the product manufacture has determined that the system would require major modifications to physically fit within the space available and it may impede proper operation of the boiler.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	NA		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Heating and Maintenance

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Boiler blow down.	Date Identified:	2/17/2011
Description of Finding:	No heat recovery on boiler blow down.		
Equipment or System(s):	Boiler Plant	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Mechanical contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	visual inspection of boiler accessories (blow down piping) and interview with boiler operators.		
Measure:	Not economically feasible.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Based on 2010 blow down data provided by US water services (SCSU water treatment company) and the energy savings calculation (as described in the DOE best practice steam tip #10) this project calculates to a simple payback of over 26 years.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	NA		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Heating and Maintenance

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	6
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the building uncovered the fact that occupancy sensors are not being used in several logical locations.		
Measure:	Installation of occupancy sensors found to be not economically feasible, please see recommendations for implementation for additional documentation. Contractor cost \$4455, provider cost \$668 savings 17550 kWh		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Complete analysis showed energy savings below 25,000 kWh and extended paybacks (in excess of 20 years).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Determined not economically feasible.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Heating and Maintenance

FWB Number:	11605	Eco Number:	8
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found in the garage work areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the building uncovered the fact that occupancy sensors are not being used in several logical locations.		
Measure:	Installation of occupancy sensors found to be not economically feasible, please see recommendations for implementation for additional documentation. Contractor cost \$1485, provider cost \$223 savings 4309 kWh		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Complete analysis showed energy savings below 25,000 kWh and extended paybacks (in excess of 18 years).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Determined not economically feasible.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: James W. Miller LRC

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
4	Over ventilation. AHU-1	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
5	Over ventilation. AHU-1	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
7	Over ventilation. AHU-2	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
9	Leaky Damper.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
10	Over ventilation. AHU-3	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
12	Over ventilation. AHU-4	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
13	Over ventilation. AHU-5	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
14	HX failure. AHU-9	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation. AHU-1	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	The AHU-1 control system was designed to modulate outside air ventilation rates based on controlling space carbon dioxide(CO2) levels and measurement of airflows. The system has been modified to use a fixed minimum OA damper position, which will often over-ventilate the space increase heating and cooling cost. OA flow and CO2 measurements indicate that there is a very limited reduction of OA flow is possible. No measure is recommended.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	A review of the original specifications confirmed the demand controlled ventilation design, screen shots and & trend data. Staff interviews indicated that the demand controlled ventilation system had been disabled and trend data with suspicious readings have confirmed this. The return air flow is about 25,000 CFM while the supply is only 10,000 and return air CO2 is always about 1998 PPM. These are inconsistencies that indicate a need for sensor replacement or recalibration.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	5
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation. AHU-1	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	During unoccupied operation, trend data indicates that the OA damper is closed, but low mixed air temperatures indicate a significant percentage of outside air is entering the system.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	The mixed air temperature (MAT) trend data indicates that approximately 15% OA is entering the building during hours that the building is officially unoccupied and in that operating mode.		
Measure:	This option is being deleted as it will be superseded by Measure 3 above.		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	7
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation. AHU-2	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	The AHU-2 control system was designed to modulate outside air ventilation rates based on controlling space carbon dioxide(CO2) levels and measurement of airflows. The system has been modified to use a fixed minimum OA damper position, which will often over-ventilate the space increase heating and cooling cost. OA flow and CO2 measurements indicate that there is a very limited reduction of OA flow is possible. No measure is recommended.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	A review of the original specifications confirmed the demand controlled ventilation design. Staff interviews indicated that the demand controlled ventilation system had been disabled and trend data with readings inconsistent with DCV, have confirmed the change.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	9
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Leaky Damper.	Date Identified:	5/15/2011
Description of Finding:	The AHU-3 MAT often falls to temperatures well below the indoor ambient, during non-operating hours and cold weather. The OA damper should be closed, but has significant leakage.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	Trend data was used to identify this problem. VAV airflow is used in lieu of status points to verify AHU operating hours. MATs were observed to drop below freezing during non-operating hours for this system. The MAT should be approximately equal to the indoor space temperature in this mode.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	10
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation. AHU-3	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	The AHU-3 control system was designed to modulate outside air ventilation rates based on controlling space carbon dioxide(CO2) levels and measurement of airflows. The system has been modified to use a fixed minimum OA damper position, which will often over-ventilate the space increasing heating and cooling cost. The CO2 sensors have failed or are grossly out of calibration. The OA is indicated at 1990 when it should be about 400 and the RA CO2 is listed at 57 when it should be a minimum of 375 and probably 500. The discharge air flow listed as -5000 when it is estimated to be 10,000 to 19,350 CFM. OA flow and CO2 measurements indicate that there is a very limited reduction of OA flow is possible. No measure is recommended.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	A review of the original specifications confirmed the demand controlled ventilation design. Staff interviews indicated that the demand controlled ventilation system had been disabled and trend data with readings inconsistent with DCV, have confirmed the change.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	12
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation. AHU-4	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	The AHU-4 control system was designed to modulate outside air ventilation rates based on controlling space carbon dioxide(CO2) levels and measurement of airflows. The system has been modified to use a fixed minimum OA damper position, which will often over-ventilate the space increasing heating and cooling cost. The OA CO2 sensor has an unexpectedly high reading of 650 PPM and appears to be inaccurate. 400 PPM would be normal for OA. The air flow measuring station readings are reasonable, but the oA reading seems low at 238 CFM on a Feb 15 screen shot. OA flow and CO2 measurements indicate that there is a very limited reduction of OA flow is possible. No measure is recommended.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	A review of the original specifications confirmed the demand controlled ventilation design. Staff interviews indicated that the demand controlled ventilation system had been disabled and trend data with readings inconsistent with DCV, have confirmed the change.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (C02e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	13
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation. AHU-5	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	The AHU-5 control system was designed to modulate outside air ventilation rates based on controlling space carbon dioxide(CO2) levels and measurement of airflows. The system has been modified to use a fixed minimum OA damper position, which will often over-ventilate the space increasing heating and/or cooling cost. The OA CO2 sensor has a reading of 361 PPM on a screenshot, which is below the worldwide ambient. OA flow and CO2 measurements indicate that there is a very limited reduction of OA flow is possible. No measure is recommended.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:		Benefits:	
Baseline Documentation Method:	A review of the original specifications confirmed the demand controlled ventilation design. Staff interviews indicated that the demand controlled ventilation system had been disabled and trend data with readings inconsistent with DCV, have confirmed the change.		
Measure:	None		
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO2e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: James W. Miller LRC

FWB Number:	11606	Eco Number:	14
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	2/28/2012

Investigation Finding:	HX failure. AHU-9	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-9 is a 100% OA system with an energy recovery wheel. The wheel has deteriorated to the point of being inoperative, there is no need for a 100% OA operation and the system is undersized for the area currently served. Space usage has changed over time and at least one additional room has been added to the system. This system should be considered for complete replacement, rather than repair, because the space ventilation requirements are inconsistent with the 100% outside air system. Energy savings will not support a comprehensive redesign and replacement.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Mechanical, electrical and control contractor	Benefits:	Outside air ventilation rates can be substantially reduced which directly reduces the energy required to heat and cool the outside air.
Baseline Documentation Method:	Observed deteriorating heat wheel media and saw the heat wheel motor overload and trip off. , staff interviews & trend data.		
Measure:	Replace unit with a conventional air handling unit that does not require 100% outside air.		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Design and install a conventional air handling unit that does not require 100% outside air. This work is outside of the PBEEEP scope.		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	This work is outside of the PBEEEP scope.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (C02e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: Mitchell Hall

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
1	Over ventilation AHU-1.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
4	Limited Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Mitchell Hall

FWB Number:	11607	Eco Number:	1
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Over ventilation AHU-1.	Date Identified:	2/15/2011
Description of Finding:	AHU-1 Outside Air (OA) damper remains open at night during unoccupied hours (midnight to 7am). Deleted 11/1/11. Summer trend data was found to have no correlation between OA damper position and OA fraction based on temperature calculation. The AHU has a nominal flow rate of 7,000 CFM, appears in some cases to maintain a 10% minimum OA fraction, but the trend data is too unreliable to support a conservation measure.		
Equipment or System(s):	AHU with heating and cooling	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Controls contractor	Benefits:	Energy savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	N/A		
Measure:			
Recommendation for Implementation:			
Evidence of Implementation Method:			

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Mitchell Hall

FWB Number:	11607	Eco Number:	4
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	Limited Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	Limited lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the building indicates occupancy sensors are not being used in several logical locations.		
Measure:	Installation of occupancy sensors found to be not economically feasible, please see recommendations for implementation for additional documentation. Contractor cost \$8168, provider cost \$680, savings 1285 kWh		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Complete analysis showed energy savings below 25,000 kWh and extended paybacks (in excess of 60 years)		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Determined not economically feasible.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Deleted Findings Summary

Building: Husky Stadium

Site: St Cloud SU

Eco #	Investigation Finding	Total Cost	Savings	Payback	Co-Funding	Payback Co-Funding	GHG
3	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
5	No Lighting Controls.	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for Findings with Payback 3 years or less:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0
	Total for all Findings:	\$0	\$0	0.00	\$0	0.00	0

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Husky Stadium

FWB Number:	11609	Eco Number:	3
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found and lights were on in several areas when they were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the building uncovered the fact that occupancy sensors are not being used in several logical locations.		
Measure:	Installation of occupancy sensors found to be not economically feasible, please see recommendations for implementation for additional documentation. Contractor cost 3\$3068, provider cost \$460, savings 743 kWh		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Complete analysis showed energy savings below 25,000 kWh and extended paybacks (in excess of 80 years).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Determined not economically feasible.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%

Deleted Findings Details



Building: Husky Stadium

FWB Number:	11609	Eco Number:	5
Site:	St Cloud SU	Date/Time Created:	5/30/2012

Investigation Finding:	No Lighting Controls.	Date Identified:	2/18/2011
Description of Finding:	No lighting controls were found in corridors that were unoccupied.		
Equipment or System(s):	Interior Lighting	Finding Category:	Deleted
Finding Type:	Finding Deleted by Provider		

Implementer:	Lighting contractor	Benefits:	Energy Savings
Baseline Documentation Method:	Visual inspection of the building uncovered the fact that occupancy sensors are not being used in several logical locations.		
Measure:	Installation of occupancy sensors found to be not economically feasible, please see recommendations for implementation for additional documentation. Contractor cost \$1534, provider cost \$230, savings 1264 kWh		
Recommendation for Implementation:	Complete analysis showed energy savings below 25,000 kWh and extended paybacks (in excess of 20 years).		
Evidence of Implementation Method:	Determined not economically feasible.		

Estimated Annual Total Savings (\$):	\$0	Utility Co-Funding for kWh (\$):	\$0
Initial Simple Payback (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for kW (\$):	\$0
Simple Payback w/ Utility Co-Funding (years):	0.00	Utility Co-Funding for therms (\$):	\$0
GHG Avoided in U.S. Tons (CO ₂ e):	0	Utility Co-Funding - Estimated Total (\$):	\$0

Current Project as Percentage of Total project			
Percent Savings (Costs basis)	0.0%	Percent of Implementation Costs:	0.0%



Public Buildings Enhanced Energy Efficiency Program

ATTACHMENT 4: SCREENING RESULTS FOR SAINT CLOUD STATE UNIVERSITY- BUILDING GROUP 1



October 1, 2010

Campus Overview

Saint Cloud State University	
Location	740 4 th Avenue South St. Cloud, MN 56301
Facility Manager	John Frischmann, Acting Buildings and Grounds Director
Number of Buildings	56
Interior Square Footage	3,136,612
PBEEEP Provider	Center for Energy and Environment (Angela Vreeland and Neal Ray)
Date Visited	3/23/2010
State Project Manager	John Frischmann
Annual Energy Cost	\$3,767,766 (from 2009 utility data)
Utility Company	Xcel Energy (natural gas and electricity) Tex-Par Oil and First Fuel Banks (fuel oil) Ferrellgas (propane)
Site Energy Use Index (EUI)	110 kBtu/sqft
Benchmark EUI (from B3)	130 kBtu/sqft

Saint Cloud State University (SCSU) is comprised of 56 buildings ranging in size from 600 to 235,000 interior square feet. The total area of the buildings on the campus is 3,136,612 square feet. The campus has twenty office and/or classroom buildings, twelve apartments or dormitories, an art center, a bus station, a cafeteria, two maintenance buildings, two greenhouses, a gym and recreational facility, a hockey center, a library, a heating plant, a chilled water plant, a parking ramp, a science and research building, a stadium, a student center, and a public safety building. Some of the buildings are attached to other buildings or are additions to buildings, but for the most part the buildings are detached. All of the buildings are located on campus, covering an area approximately five blocks wide by twelve blocks long. There is a map of the campus showing the location of each building within the site at the end of this report.

Screening Overview

The goal of screening is to select buildings where an in-depth energy investigation can be performed to identify energy savings opportunities that will generate savings with a relatively short (1 to 5 years) and certain payback. The screening of SCSU was performed by the Center for Energy and Environment (CEE) with the assistance of the facility staff. A walk-through was conducted on March 23, 2010 and interviews with the facility staff were carried out to fully explore the status of the energy consuming equipment and their potential for recommissioning. This report is the result of that information.

Recommendation

Due to the large size of the campus, it is recommended that the campus be divided into more than one group of buildings for the investigation phase of the PBEEEP process. The focus of this screening report is on the first group of buildings that are being recommended for investigation.

A detailed investigation of the energy usage and energy savings opportunities of the ten buildings listed below totaling 881,579 interior square feet at SCSU is recommended at this time. These buildings will be referred to as the “recommended buildings” throughout this report. The floor areas listed in the table have not been verified.

Building Name	State ID	Building Type	Area (ft²)	Year Built
Central Chilled Water Plant	E26073S9999	Mechanical	7,590	1999
Garvey Commons	E26073S5562	Cafeteria	50,984	1962
Halenbeck Hall North	E26073S1665	Gymnasium	132,274	1965
Halenbeck Hall South	E26073S1660	Gymnasium	100,000	1980
Heating & Maintenance I	E26073S1050	Mechanical	18,892	1950
James W. Miller LRC	E26073S9600	Library	235,000	2000
Mitchell Hall	E26073S5258	Dormitory	109,784	1958
National Hockey Center	E26073S2889	Hockey Rink	152,055	1989
Recreation Facility	E26073S10104	Recreation Facility	40,000	2005
Stadium Building	E26073S10204	Stadium	35,000	2004

Details obtained through the screening process regarding the recommended buildings are included in the following:

Mechanical Equipment

The Heating Plant is located on the southern end of campus and has three steam boilers that serve the entire campus. The boilers supply 115 psi steam year-round. The steam from the Heating Plant is routed to the buildings in underground tunnels and runs through heat exchangers located in each building. The heat exchangers transfer heat from the steam to water that is pumped to the air handlers, fin tube radiation and/or reheats in each building. All of the recommended buildings use steam from the heating plant except for the Central Chilled Water Plant, which is heated by unit heaters and the National Hockey Center which has its own hot water boiler. The Central Chilled Water Plant is located adjacent to the Heating Plant and has two chillers and two cooling towers. There are two primary pumps and two secondary pumps that send water to, and circulate water throughout, the buildings. Some of the buildings located further from the Central Chilled Water Plant have chilled water pumps that distribute chilled

water throughout those buildings. All of the recommended buildings use chilled water from the Central Chilled Water Plant except for Halenbeck Hall North and South and Mitchell Hall. Halenbeck Hall North and South are not cooled except for the pool area which has direct expansion (DX) cooling with a condensing unit. Mitchell Hall also contains DX cooling with a condensing unit. The following table lists the key mechanical equipment in the buildings recommended for investigation.

Mechanical Equipment Summary Table	
1	Tracer Summit Building Automation System by Trane
10	Buildings
881,579	Interior Square Feet
62	Air Handlers
3	Rooftop Units
259	VAV Boxes
39	Exhaust Fans and Power Roof Ventilators
16	Unit Heaters
1	Make-up Air Units
2	Chillers
2	Cooling Towers
3	Steam Boilers (dual fuel- natural gas or fuel oil)
1	Hot Water Boilers (natural gas)
20	Pumps (HW, CHW, etc)
4	Heat Exchangers
750	Approximate number of points for trending

Controls and Trending

All ten buildings being recommended for investigation are controlled, to some extent, by a Tracer Summit Building Automation System (BAS) by Trane. There are five buildings among the Phase 1 group that currently have Building Control Unit (BCU) panels that are outdated and have limited memory. These buildings are: Central Chilled Water Plant, Halenbeck Hall North and South, James W. Miller LRC, and the Stadium and Recreation Facility. The panels will be upgraded for these buildings and the automation system will be capable of trending all buildings in Phase 1 before investigation begins.

The building staff does not have time to assist with exporting trend data; it is the preference of SCSU that any work on the automation system be performed by a Trane technician and this work will be paid for directly by a separate contract, which will be completed before the investigation begins. The points for each building in the automation system are listed in the building summary tables below.

Lighting

A lighting retrofit was conducted in 1996 throughout the campus, so the majority of indoor lighting is T8 32 watt lamps. The majority of indoor lighting is controlled by occupancy sensors and the outdoor lighting is controlled by the BAS, which operates the lighting based on schedules and photocells. Opportunities for energy savings due to lighting fixture and control improvements may exist.

Energy Use Index B3 Benchmark

The site Energy Use Index (EUI) of the entire campus is 110 kBtu/sqft, which is 15.4% lower than the B3 Benchmark of 130 kBtu/sqft. There is no submetering. The median site EUI for State of Minnesota buildings are 23% lower than their corresponding B3 Benchmarks. This indicates that SCSU has the

potential to further reduce its energy use. In addition, because the site is not sub-metered, the performance of individual buildings is not quantified at this time.

Metering

The campus has a total of twenty-eight natural gas meters, twenty-six electrical meters, three fuel oil meters, and one propane meter that are currently active. There are three main electric service entries for the campus which all serve a single campus loop; the service entries allow Xcel energy to balance loads served by three substations. The other electric meters generally serve smaller detached buildings. Similarly there are gas meters that serve kitchen and laboratory areas in addition to the main gas meter. None of the recommended buildings are individually metered.

Documentation

There is a significant amount of mechanical documentation, including equipment schedules, renovation prints, balance reports for a few buildings, and control sequences; however, the organization and location of those documents could make finding information difficult. Very little of the documentation is available in electronic form.

Reasons for Recommendations

There are many factors that are part of the decision to recommend an energy investigation of a building; at SCSU the following characteristics were important in the building selection process:

- Square footage
- Level of control by the building automation system
- Equipment size and quantity
- Frequency and severity of comfort and/or control issues
- Support from the staff and management to include specific buildings in an investigation

From a campus-wide standpoint, there are two main reasons for recommending that SCSU move forward with the investigation of a selection of buildings:

- The annual energy cost averages \$1.24 per square foot; a reduction in this cost should support the cost of the energy investigation
- B3 data shows that while the campus is below the benchmark value, it is about 14% higher than the average of all buildings in the database.

Building Summary Tables

The following tables are based on information gathered from interviews with facility staff, building walk-throughs, automation system screen-captures, and equipment documentation. The purpose of these tables is to provide the size and quantity of equipment and the level of control present in each building. It is complete and accurate to the best of our knowledge. The buildings below are to be included in the first phase of buildings to begin the PBEEEP Investigation process.

Central Chilled Water Plant					
State ID# E26073S9999					
Area (sqft)	7,590	Year Built	1999	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	N/A
HVAC Equipment					
Description	Type	Size	Notes		
2 Chillers	Centrifugal	204 Tons each	Trane Centravac		
2 Cooling Towers		(4) 30 HP motors, 120 HP total	Both towers have VFDs		
4 CHW Pumps	Variable Volume with VFDs	2 Primary 40 HP and 2,580 gpm each, 2 Secondary 125 HP and 3,600 gpm each	2 primary loop and 2 secondary loop pumps		
2 CDW Pumps	Variable Volume with VFDs	50HP, 2,630 gpm each			
3 Unit Heaters		Unknown			
Points on BAS					
Description	Points				
Cooling System	Chiller mode (unoccupied/occupied), Restart inhibit timer, CHW entering, CHW leaving, CHW flow, Evaporator approach, CDW entering, CDW leaving, CDW flow, Inlet vane position, Compressor Rated Load Amps (RLA), Oil pressure, OA Enth, Chiller Start Enth, CHW pump status, CHWDP, CHWST, CHWRT, Tower status, Tower speed, Tower isolation valves				
Additional Comments					
<ul style="list-style-type: none">This is the central chilled water plant that distributes chilled water to the entire campus.The unit heaters are the only source of heating for the entire building.					

Garvey Commons					
State ID# E26073S5562					
Area (sqft)	50,984	Year Built	1962	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	5,500
HVAC Equipment					
Description	Type	Size	Notes		
AHU-1	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	16,700 CFM, 15 HP SF, 3 HP RF	Serves 5 VAV boxes		
AHU-2	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	15,400 CFM, 15 HP SF, 3 HP RF	Serves 4 VAV boxes		
AHU-3	VAV MAU for kitchen, SF and EF with VFDs	15 HP SF, 10 HP EF	Interlocked with exhaust fan for kitchen		
Bakery AHU	Constant Volume	5 HP SF			
AHU-5	VAV SF with VFD	5 HP SF	VFD controlled off space temperature		
10 EFs	Constant Volume	EF-10 rated at 3 HP, EF-11 rated at 11 HP. All other under 1 HP			
1 CHWP	Constant Volume	10 HP			
9 VAV boxes			HW reheat coils		
Points on BAS					
Description	Points				
AHU-1 AHU-2	Econ damper, RA damper, Relief damper, Econ damper minimum setpoint, MAT, MAT setpoint, MAT low limit, DAT, DAT setpoint, Duct static, Duct static setpoint, Space static, Space static setpoint, SF status, SF command, SF speed, Cool valve %, Heat valve %, Face bypass damper %, RAT, RA CO2, VAV average temperature, VAV average temperature setpoint, RAT, RF status, RF command, RF speed				
AHU-3	OA damper, DAT, DAT setpoint, Space pressure, Space pressure setpoint, SF status, SF command, SF speed, Cool valve, Heat valve, Face bypass damper %, Kitchen EF status				
EF	EF status, EF command				
CHWP	Pump status, Pump command				
VAV	Space temp, VAV DAT, VAV flow, Heat on/off				
Additional Comments					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This 2-story building houses four dining rooms, a kitchen, and a bakery. • Chilled water comes from central chilled water plant. • Steam comes from heating plant. • Interior lighting stated to be controlled by 10% occupancy sensors and 90% manual switches. 					

Halenbeck Hall North
State ID# E26073S1665

Area (sqft)	132,274	Year Built	1965	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	5,000
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HVAC Equipment

Description	Type	Size	Notes
AHU 12, AHU 13, AHU 14, AHU 15, AHU 16, AHU 17, AHU 18, AHU 19, AHU 20, AHU 21	Constant volume	1.5 HP each	HW, no cooling, only run 2 AHUs at a time, serve the Main Gym
Dance Studio AHU, Handball Courts AHU, Men's Locker Rm AHU, Women's Locker Rm AHU, Office AHU, Perim. Office AHU, Sports Info Office AHU, Weight Rm AHU	Constant Volume	3 HP or less each	HW, no cooling
1 Steam to Hot Water HX			Provides hot water to North and South Halenbeck
2 HWP's	Constant Volume	(1) 7.5 HP, (1) 5 HP	
4 EF's	Constant Volume	2 HP each	Serve the Main Gym, staged based on space temp

Points on BAS

Description	Points
AHUs 12 through 21	SF status, Space temp, DAT, HW valve, MAT, Damper position
Dance Studio through Weight Rm AHUs	SF status, Space temp, Space setpoint
Heating System	Steam valve, HWST, Radiation pump status
EF	EF status, Space setpoint

Additional Comments- Halenbeck Hall North

- Along with Halenbeck Hall South, these buildings house a main gym, a swimming pool, diving pool, two small gyms, a track, racquetball courts, wrestling room, weight room, and dance studio.
- This building is not cooled.
- Steam comes from central plant.
- The Main Gym gets overheated during the summer because there is no cooling.
- There are a lot of weekend events in this building including graduation ceremonies.
- Interior lighting stated to be controlled by 60% occupancy sensors, 10% schedule, and 30% manual switches.

Halenbeck Hall South

State ID# E26073S1660

Area (sqft)	100,000	Year Built	1980	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	5,000
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HVAC Equipment

Description	Type	Size	Notes
SF1, SF2, SF3, SF4, SF5, SF6, SF7, SF8, SF9	Constant Volume AHUs	10 HP each	Steam, no cooling
SF10	Constant Volume AHU	7.5 HP	Steam, no cooling
Pool AHU	Constant Volume	13,800 cfm, 15 HP	HW, DX cooling

Points on BAS

Description	Points
SF1-SF6, SF8	Fan status
SF7,SF9-10	Fan status, MAT, Damper position, Hot Deck Temp, Valve Position
Pool AHU	RAT, RARH, SF status, DX on/off, HW valve
Pool Controls	DX heat reclaim on/off, Pump status, Pool temp, Steam valve

Additional Comments

- See Halenbeck Hall North for the space uses in this building.
- This building is not cooled, except for the pool area, which has DX cooling.
- Steam comes from central plant.
- Hot water comes from Halenbeck Hall North.
- Interior lighting stated to be controlled by 20% occupancy sensors and 80% manual switches.

Heating and Maintenance I					
State ID# E26073S1050					
Area (sqft)	18,892	Year Built	1950	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	2,470
HVAC Equipment					
Description	Type	Size	Notes		
3 Boilers	Steam	(2) 70,000 kBtu/hr, (1) 40,000 kBtu/hr	The steam pressure is kept at 115 psi year-round. Boilers can use natural gas, fuel oil #2, or fuel oil #6.		
MAU	Constant Volume	Unknown	Direct gas-fired, not steam.		
Points on BAS					
Description	Points				
Boiler 1	<i>No points available</i>				
Boiler 2	<i>No points available</i>				
Boiler 3	Firing rate, Oxygen, Flue temp, O2 trim, Drum level, Steam flow, Air flow trim, Feedwater valve, Feedwater valve setpoint, Boiler output temp/press, Combustion, Oil flow, Gas flow, Atomizing pressure				
Additional Comments					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is the central heating plant that distributes steam to the entire campus. • This building is not cooled. • There are few points on the BAS for the entire heating system. There are only the points available (listed above) for Boiler 3 and no points for Boilers 1 and 2. 					

James W. Miller Learning Resources Center (LRC)

State ID# E26073S9600

Area (sqft)	235,000	Year Built	2000	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	5,000
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HVAC Equipment

Description	Type	Size	Notes
AHU-1	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	60 HP SF, 20 HP RF	Serves 35 VAV boxes
AHU-2	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	40 HP SF, 20 HP RF	Serves 46 VAV boxes
AHU-3	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	30 HP SF, 7.5 HP RF	Serves 47 VAV boxes
AHU-4	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	15 HP SF, 10 HP RF	Serves 22 VAV boxes
AHU-5	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	5 HP SF, 4 HP RF	Serves 36 VAV boxes
AHU-6	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	5 HP SF, 3 HP RF	SF VFD controlled of zone temperature requirements
AHU-7, AHU-8	Liebert Units	Unknown	These are Computer Room Air Conditioning (CRAC) units that serve the computer room and archives area
AHU-9	VAV unit with SF and EF with VFDs	7.5 HP SF, 3 HP EF	100% OA unit utilizes an energy recovery wheel to preheat outside air. There is a glycol heat exchanger and the heating coil in this unit has glycol since this is a 100% OA unit. Contains 10 VAV boxes with hot water reheat.
196 VAV boxes			HW reheat coils
1 Steam to Hot Water HX			
2 HWP's	Variable Volume with VFDs	5 HP each	
2 CHWP's	Variable Volume with VFDs	7.5 HP each	
13 EF's	Constant Volume	All less than 1 HP each	
HW FTR			

Points on BAS- James W. Miller LRC

Description	Points
AHU-1 through AHU-6	RA dew point, RAT, RF status, RF speed, RA/OA/EA damper position, MAT, SF status, SF speed, Supply duct static, Supply duct static setpoint, Steam valve %, CHW valve %, DARH, DAT, DAT setpoint, RF offset, Humidifier valve %
AHU-7	DAT, Fan status, Supply glycol temp, Return glycol temp
AHU-8	Intake temp, Intake dew point, Fan status
AHU-9	RAT, EF speed, EF VFD status, EAT, OA damper position, Preheat temp, Preheat valve %, SF status, SF speed, HW valve %, CHW valve %, DAT, Supply duct static, Supply duct static setpoint, Energy wheel status, Energy wheel speed, Exchanger supply temp, Exchanger return temp, Exchanger valve
VAV	Space temp, VAV DAT, VAV flow, Heat on/off
Heating System	HWDP, HW pump speed, HW pump status, Converter status, HWST, HWRT, Converter valve, Steam system pressure
Chilled Water	CHWST, CHWRT, CHW pump speed, CHW pump status, CHW flow, CHW differential pressure
EF	EF status
FTR	Space temp

Additional Comments

- This 2-story building houses library space, computer rooms, auditorium, classrooms, study rooms, and a coffee shop.
- Chilled water comes from central plant.
- Steam comes from central plant.
- This building has HW fin tube radiation that is controlled to thermostats.
- Stated 98% of interior lighting is controlled by occupancy sensors.
- Building was built in 2000 and not known to be commissioned.

Mitchell Hall State ID# E26073S5258					
Area (sqft)	109,784	Year Built	1958	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	8,760
HVAC Equipment					
Name	Type	Size	Notes		
AHU-1	Constant volume with SF and RF	0.75 HP SF Unknown RF HP	HW and 2-stage DX, serves corridors, computer room, and activity room main lobby.		
2 EFs		Less than 1 HP each			
1 DX Unit		20 Tons	Serves AHU-1		
2 Radiation HW Pumps	Constant volume	5 HP each	HW pumps for radiation in dorm rooms.		
Points on BAS					
Name	Points				
AHU-1	Roof isolation damper, Econ/return damper, Relief damper, Minimum relief damper setpoint, MAT, MAT setpoint, SF status, SF command, Heat valve, Cooling stage 1, Cooling stage 2, DAT, DAT setpoint, RAT, Heating space temperature setpoint, Cooling space temperature setpoint, 3rd floor lounge temperature, 2nd floor lounge temperature, Average space temperature, RAT, RF status, RF command, OAT				
Heating System	HWST, HWST setpoint, Pump status, Pump command				
EF	EF status, EF command				
Additional Comments					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is a 4-story dormitory that houses 418 women. • AHU-1 utilizes a 20 ton condensing unit for cooling. • Steam comes from central plant. • Interior lighting stated to be controlled by manual switches. 					

National Hockey Center State ID# E26073S2889					
Area (sqft)	152,055	Year Built	1989	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	Varies
HVAC Equipment					
Name	Type	Size	Notes		
Main Rink Desiccant Unit	Constant Volume	40 HP SF, 10 HP RF			
Practice Rink Desiccant Unit	Constant Volume	20 HP SF, 5 HP RF			
AHU-1	Constant Volume	2.5 HP SF			
AHU-2	Constant Volume	2.5 HP SF			
AHU-6	Constant Volume	3 HP SF			
AHU-7	Constant Volume	3 HP SF			
SE RTU	Constant Volume	40 HP SF, 15 HP RF			
SW RTU	Constant Volume	40 HP SF, 15 HP RF			
NW RTU	Constant Volume	40 HP SF, 15 HP RF			
10 Exhaust Fans		All less than 1 HP			
Boiler		900 kBtu/hr	HW boiler for perimeter radiation		
Points on BAS					
Name	Points				
Desiccant Units	SF status, DAT, DA humidity, RTU status, Space humidity, Space temperature				
AHUs	Control point (on/off), Status				
RTUs	Fan command, DAT, Damper position, Space static pressure, Space static pressure setpoint				
Exhaust Fans	EF command, EF status				
Reheats	Fan status, Room stat, Space temperature, Space temperature setpoint, Reheat valve				
Additional Comments					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This 3-story building houses two Olympic size hockey rinks, locker rooms, offices, weight rooms, and a pro shop. • Interior lighting stated to be controlled by 30% occupancy sensors and 70% manual switches. • This building has HW fin tube radiation. • The lighting is currently being looked at for updating options. • Both hockey rinks operate year-round and the ice is off each rink for a few weeks per year. • A large addition has been designed but no date has been established for construction. 					

Recreational Facility					
State ID# E26073S10104					
Area (sqft)	40,000	Year Built	2005	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	5,000
HVAC Equipment					
Name	Type	Size	Notes		
AHU-1	VAV unit with SF and 2 RFs with VFDs	40,000 cfm, 75 HP SF, (2) 30 HP RFs	HW and CHW, serves 36 VAV boxes in Recreational Facility and Stadium		
AHU-2	VAV unit with SF and RF with VFDs	10,000 cfm, 9.5 HP SF, 7.5 HP RF	100% OA, glycol heating coil and CHW, Heat recovery wheel between EA and OA, serves 18 VAV boxes in Stadium locker rooms.		
54 VAV boxes			All of the VAV boxes have HW reheat, except a few have electric resistance.		
13 Unit Heaters			Steam heat		
1 Steam to HW HX					
1 HW to Glycol HX			AHU-2 is 100% OA, so the heating coil is glycol to prevent freezing of coil.		
2 HW Pumps	Variable Volume with VFDs	15 HP each			
2 Glycol Pumps	Constant Volume	1.7 HP each			
2 CHW Pumps	1 Constant Volume, 1 Variable Volume with VFD	20 HP each			
Points on BAS					
Name	Points				
AHU-1	RAT, RARH, RA DSP, RF status, RF speed, OA/RA/EA damper position, MAT, SF status, SF speed, HW Valve, CHW valve, DAT, DA DSP, Space static pressure				
AHU-2	RAT, RARH, Heat wheel status, Heat wheel speed, EAT, EARH, EA damper position, EF status, EF speed, Temp after heat wheel and before coils, Glycol heating valve, CHW valve, SF status, SF speed, DA DSP, DAT				
VAV Boxes	Zone temp, VAV DAT, VAV flow, Heat on/off				
Heating System	Steam valve, HWST, HW pump status, HWDP, HW pump speed, Glycol pump status, HW valve position, Glycol temp				
Cooling System	CHWDP, CHW pump status, CHW pump speed, Secondary CHWST, Secondary CHWRT, Primary CHWRT, CHW return valve				
Unit Heaters	Space temp, Unit status, Heat %				

Additional Comments- Recreational Facility					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This building houses workout facilities for the students and a café. • Chilled water comes from central plant. • Steam comes from central plant. • Interior lighting stated to be controlled by 95% occupancy sensors and 5% manual switches. • The Stadium shares equipment with this building. 					

Stadium					
State ID# E26073S10204					
Area (sqft)	35,000	Year Built	2004	Occupancy (hrs/yr)	Variable
HVAC Equipment					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NOTE: This building shares HVAC equipment with the Recreational Facility. 					
Points on BAS					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See the Recreational Facility. 					
Additional Comments					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This building houses locker rooms, restrooms, concessions, and indoor seating for sporting events. • There is a dome that covers the field during the winter. The dome shall NOT be included in the investigation of this building. 					

Buildings Outside of the Scope of the Current Screening Report

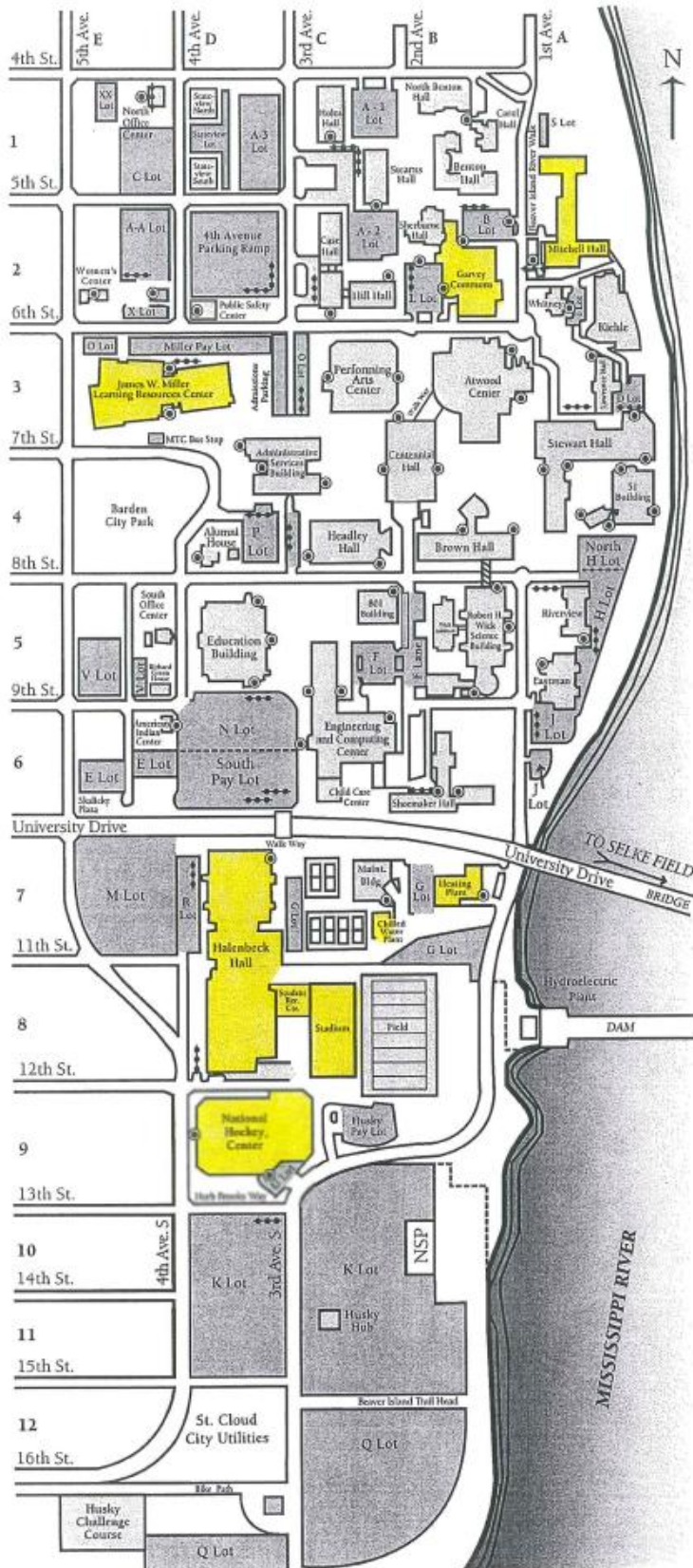
These are the remaining buildings on campus that are not part of the Phase 1 group of buildings. They may or may not be recommended for future phases of investigation.

Building Name	State ID	Building Type	Area (ft²)	Year Built
51 Building	E26073S1868	Academic	52,085	1968
51 Building Wing		Academic	6,150	1993
525 Building		Unknown	3,008	1989
801 Building	E26073S2788	Temp. Office	12,100	1988
Administration Service Bldg	E26073S2475	Academic	59,545	1975
Alumni House	E26073S0525	Academic	6,108	1925
American Indian Center	E26073S0425	Academic	2,563	1925
Atwood Memorial Center	E26073S8066	Student Center	181,465	1966
Benton Hall North		Dormitory	25,617	1968
Benton Hall South	E26073S6067	Dormitory	35,375	1967
Brown Hall	E26073S1358	Academic	78,821	1958
Carol Hall	E26073S5126	Academic	13,512	1926
Case Hall	E26073S5663	Dormitory	40,492	1964
Case/Hill Lounge		Lounge		
Hill Hall	E26073S5461	Dorm/Health Center	42,342	1962
Centennial Hall	E26073S2071	Academic	165,758	1971
Eastman Hall	E26073S0729	Academic	45,997	1929
Education Bldg	E26073S1971	Academic	101,006	1971
Engineering/Computing Center	E26073S1258	Academic	91,840	1958
Green House 1		Greenhouse	2,258	1992
Green House 2		Greenhouse	600	2004
Headley Hall	E26073S1462	Academic	52,898	1962
Holes Hall	E26073S5764	Dormitory	80,213	1965
Husky Hub	E26073S10700	Bus Station	1,198	2000
Kiehle Visual Arts Center	E26073S1152	Art Center	59,984	1952
Lawrence Hall	E26073S10303	Dormitory	13,236	2003
Lawrence Hall (Dorm/Offic)	E26073S10303	Dorm/Academic	29,489	1905
Maintenance Bldg	E26073S2680	Maintenance	15,392	1980
North Office Center	E26073S0325	Building Grounds	4,002	1925
Parking Ramp	E26073S5709	Parking Ramp	158,798	2008
Performing Arts Center	E26073S1768	Art Center	78,674	1968
Public Safety Center	E26073S5709	Campus Security	4,879	2008
Richard Green House		Academic	3,764	1935
Riverview Hall	E26073S0211	Academic	28,128	1911
Sherburne Hall	E26073S5967	Dormitory	107,428	1969
Shoemaker Hall (old)	E26073S5015	Dormitory	10,184	1915
Shoemaker Hall (east and west)	E26073S5360	Dormitory	115,329	1960

NOTE: List continues on next page.

Building Name	State ID	Building Type	Area (ft²)	Year Built
South Office Center	E26073S10495	Academic	2,727	1925
Stateview North	E26073S9702	Apartments	15,358	1992
Stateview South	E26073S9802	Apartments	15,358	2002
Stearns Hall	E26073S5866	Dormitory	81,180	1966
Stewart Hall	E26073S0948	Academic	177,951	1948
Whitney House	E26073S0625	Academic	11,383	1925
Wick Annex	E26073S2172	Laboratory	38,562	2008
Wick Science Building	E26073S2172	Laboratory	177,951	1948
Women's Center	E26073S2990	Academic	4,325	1925

Campus Map



ST. CLOUD STATE UNIVERSITY CAMPUS MAP

Visit www.StCloudState.edu/campusmap/

TO REACH THE CAMPUS

- From Interstate 94: Use Exit 171, take County Road 75 into city.
- From U.S. Highway 10: Exit west to East St. Germain Street. Continue west until you cross the Mississippi River on Veterans Bridge. Turn south on Fourth Avenue South.
- From the Southwest (Highway 15, 23; County Road 75): All routes link with Division Street; turn right at Fifth Avenue South.
- From the east (Minnesota Highway 23): Take the U.S. Highway 10 exit north. Turn west on East St. Germain Street. Continue west until you cross the Mississippi River on Veterans Bridge. Turn south on Fourth Avenue South.

LEGEND

AS	Administrative Services	C4
AH	Alumni House	D4
AIC	American Indian Center	E6
AMC	Atwood Memorial Center	B3
BTH	Benton Hall	B1
BH	Brown Hall	B4
BG	Buildings and Grounds	E1
CRH	Carol Hall	B1
CSH	Case Hall	C2
CH	Centennial Hall	B4
ECC	Engineering & Computing Center	C6
EH	Eastman Hall	A5
EB	Education Building	D5
FLD	Field	B8
GC	Garvey Commons	B2
HaH	Halenbeck Hall	D7
HH	Headley Hall	C4
HiHH	Health Center	C2
HP	Heating Plant	B7
HiH	Hill Hall	C2
HoH	Holes Hall	C1
Hub	Husky Hub	C10
HS	Husky Stadium	C8
MC	James W. Miller Learning Resources Center (library)	D3
KVAC	Kiehle Visual Arts Center	A2
LH	Lawrence Hall	A3
MB	Maintenance Building	C7
MH	Mitchell Hall	A2
NHC	National Hockey Center	D9
NOC	North Office Center	E1
NSP	NSP Building	B10
PA	Performing Arts Center	C3
PR	Parking Ramp	D2
PSC	Public Safety Center	D2
RGH	Richard Green House	E5
R	Rüsch Auditorium (Stewart Hall)	A4
SBH	Sherburne Hall	B2
SMH	Shoemaker Hall	B6
SOC	South Office Center	E5
SVN	Stateview North	D1
SVS	Stateview South	D1
STH	Stearns Hall	C1
SH	Stewart Hall (Rüsch Auditorium)	A4
SRC	Student Recreation Center	C8
WH	Whitney House	A2
WC	Women's Center	E2
WSB	Robert H. Wick Science Building (Planetarium)	B5
801B	801 Building	C5
51B	51 Building	A4

Handicapped Parking
Wheelchair Accessible Entrance



NOTE: Phase 1 buildings are highlighted in yellow.

PBEEP Abbreviation Descriptions			
AHU	Air Handling Unit	HP	Horsepower
BAS	Building Automation System	HRU	Heat Recovery Unit
CD	Cold Deck	HW	Hot Water
CDW	Condenser Water	HWDP	Hot Water Differential Pressure
CDWRT	Condenser Water Return Temperature	HWP	Hot Water Pump
CDWST	Condenser Water Supply Temperature	HWRT	Hot Water Return Temperature
CFM	Cubic Feet per Minute	HWST	Hot Water Supply Temperature
CHW	Chilled Water	HX	Heat Exchanger
CHWRT	Chilled Water Return Temperature	kW	Kilowatt
CHWDP	Chilled Water Differential Pressure	kWh	Kilowatt-hour
CHWP	Chilled Water Pump	MA	Mixed Air
CHWST	Chilled Water Supply Temperature	MA Enth	Mixed Air Enthalpy
CRAC	Computer Room Air Conditioner	MARH	Mixed Air Relative Humidity
CV	Constant Volume	MAT	Mixed Air Temperature
DA	Discharge Air	MAU	Make-up Air Unit
DA Enth	Discharge Air Enthalpy	OA	Outside Air
DARH	Discharge Air Relative Humidity	OA Enth	Outside Air Enthalpy
DAT	Discharge Air Temperature	OARH	Outside Air Relative Humidity
DDC	Direct Digital Control	OAT	Outside Air Temperature
DP	Differential Pressure	Occ	Occupied
DSP	Duct Static Pressure	PTAC	Packaged Terminal Air Conditioner
DX	Direct Expansion	RA	Return Air
EA	Exhaust Air	RA Enth	Return Air Enthalpy
EAT	Exhaust Air Temperature	RARH	Return Air Relative Humidity
Econ	Economizer	RAT	Return Air Temperature
EF	Exhaust Fan	RF	Return Fan
Enth	Enthalpy	RH	Relative Humidity
ERU	Energy Recovery Unit	RTU	Rooftop Unit
FCU	Fan Coil Unit	SF	Supply Fan
FPVAV	Fan Powered VAV	Unocc	Unoccupied
FTR	Fin Tube Radiation	VAV	Variable Air Volume
GPM	Gallons per Minute	VFD	Variable Frequency Drive
HD	Hot Deck	VIGV	Variable Inlet Guide Vanes

Conversions
1 kWh = 3.412 kBtu
1 Therm = 100 kBtu
1 kBtu/hr = 1 MBH